## CSCI3160: Regular Exercise Set 9

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**Problem 1\*.** Prove the correctness of Dijkstra's algorithm (when the edges have non-negative weights).

**Problem 2.** Consider again your proof for Problem 1. Point out the place that requires edge weights to be non-negative.

**Problem 3.** Consider a directed simple graph G = (V, E) where each edge  $e \in E$  has an arbitrary weight w(e) (which can be negative). It is known that G does not have negative cycles. Prove: given any vertices  $s, t \in V$ , at least one shortest path from s to t is a simple path (i.e., no vertex appears twice on the path).

**Remark:** This implies that the path must have at most |V| - 1 edges.

**Problem 4\* (SSSP in a DAG).** Consider a simple acyclic directed graph G = (V, E) where each edge  $e \in E$  has an arbitrary weight w(e) (which can be negative). Solve the SSSP problem on G in O(|V| + |E|) time.

**Problem 5.** Let G = (V, E) be a simple directed graph where each edge  $e \in E$  carries a weight w(e), which can be negative. It is guaranteed that G has no negative cycles. Prove: given any vertices  $s, t \in V$ , at least one shortest path from s to t is a simple path (i.e., no vertex appears twice on the path).

**Problem 6\*\*.** Let G = (V, E) be a simple directed graph where the weight of an edge (u, v) is w(u, v). Prove: the following algorithm correctly decides whether G has a negative cycle.

## algorithm negative-cycle-detection

- 1. pick an arbitrary vertex  $s \in V$
- 2. initialize dist(s) = 0 and  $dist(v) = \infty$  for every other vertex  $v \in V$
- 3. for i = 1 to |V| 1
- 4. relax all the edges in E
- 5. for each edge  $(u, v) \in E$
- 6. if dist(v) > dist(u) + w(u, v) then
- 7. **return** "there is a negative cycle"
- 8. return "no negative cycles"