

HW2 Due Feb 16, 2017

1. Prove Lagrange's identity:

$$\left| \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i \right|^2 = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |a_i|^2 \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |b_i|^2 \right) - \sum_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} |a_i \bar{b}_j - a_j \bar{b}_i|^2$$

for complex numbers $a_i, b_i, i=1, 2, \dots, n$.

2. Compute $\int_{|z|=r} y dz$, where $y = \operatorname{Im} z$, in the counterclockwise direction.

3. Compute $\int_{|z|=1} z^m \bar{z}^n dz$ in the counterclockwise direction for any integers m and n .

4. Show that for $R > 2$,

$$\left| \int_{|z|=R} \frac{3z-1}{z^4+4z^2+3} dz \right| \leq \frac{2\pi R(3R+1)}{(R^2-1)(R^2-3)}.$$

5. Show that $\left| \int_{\gamma_R} \frac{ze^z}{1+e^{3z}} dz \right| \leq \frac{8\pi e^R}{e^{3R}-1}$

where γ_R is the vertical line segment from R to $R+4\pi i$ for $R > 0$.

6.(a) Is it possible to find an antiderivative of the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$ on $\mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$?

(b) Same question as in (a) with $f(z)$ replaced by $g(z) = \frac{1}{z^2}$.

7. Suppose that $f(z)$ is analytic on a domain Ω which is symmetric with respect to the real axis. Show that $g(z) = \overline{f(\bar{z})}$ is a well defined analytic function on Ω .