## MATH 2060B - HW 7 Due Date: 19 April 2021, 23:59

Problems: Ex9.3 P.280: 1c, d; 9, 14

(3 Questions in total)

**Textbook:** Bartle RG, Sherbert DR(2011). Introduction to Real Analysis, fourth edition, John Wiley Sons,Inc.

## Instruction:

- 1. Please submit your solution in one pdf file to Blackboard.
- 2. Rename your file in the form "HW1\_ChanTaiMan\_1155151031".
- 3. You are reminded that your HW is graded based on both your idea and your presentation

## **Questions:**

- 1 (P.280 Q1c,d). For each of the following series,
  - i. determine if it converges
- ii. determine if it converges absolutely

a) 
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}n}{n+2}$$
 b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{\ln(n)}{n}$ 

**2** (P.280 Q9). Let  $\sum a_n$  be a series. Suppose the sequence of partial sum  $(s_n)$  of the series  $\sum a_n$  is bounded. Show that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n e^{-nt}$  converges for t > 0.

**3** (P.280 Q14). Let  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} a_k$  be a series with sequence of partial sums  $(s_n)$ . Suppose there exists r < 1

and M > 0 such that  $|s_n| \le Mn^r$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Show that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{n}$  converges.