

MATH3060 HW5 Due date: Nov 4, 2022 (at 11:00 am)

1. Let $a > 0$, define a mapping $T: C[-a, a] \rightarrow C[-a, a]$ by
- $$Tx(t) = 1 + \int_0^t s x(s) ds.$$

Let $x(t) \equiv 1$ on $[-a, a]$. Find $T^n x$, $\forall n \geq 0$.

Does $\{T^n x\}$ converge in $(C[-a, a], d_\infty)$? If so, what is the limit?

2. Show that the equation $\cos x - 2x^4 - x = 1.001$ has a solution near $x=0$.

3. Let $\Phi: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be defined by $\Phi \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin x - 2y^4 \\ \sin y + x^2 \end{pmatrix}$.

Show that $\Phi \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0.01 \end{pmatrix}$ has a solution.

4. Let $K(x, t) \in C([0, 1] \times [0, 1])$. Show that there exists

$\lambda > 0$ such that for all $g \in C[0, 1]$, there exists

a unique solution $y \in C[0, 1]$ of the integral

equation
$$y(x) = g(x) + \lambda \int_0^1 K(x, t) y(t) dt.$$

(End)