The Chinese University of Hong Kong Department of Linguistics and Modern Languages Second Term, 2022-2023

Course Title: LING5302 Approaches to English grammar

Description

This course introduces students to various approaches to the study of English grammatical constructions, including formal, functional, and cognitive approaches. Students are encouraged to analyze grammatical constructions in terms of form-function relationships, cognitive processing and information flow. This course is designed to enhance students' sensitivity to the interactive aspects of grammatical analysis.

Content, highlighting fundamental concepts

Tania	Contacts & adams and accounts	
Торіс	Contents/fundamental concepts	
Constituents and Phrases	functional categories; lexical categories; count; mass; determiner; verbal	
	noun; deverbal noun; unaccusative; gradability; comparatives; agent-	
	oriented adverbs; speaker-oriented adverbs	
Simple Clauses	predicate; complement; expletive; agreement, finite clauses and non-finite	
	clauses	
Subordination and	coordination; embedding; relative clauses; noun clauses; adverb clauses;	
Coordination	simple clauses; compound clauses; complex clauses	
Finite and Nonfinite Clauses	matrix clause; tense-person-number agreement; infinitival clauses;	
	participle clauses; if-clauses; conditionals; verbless clauses; small clauses	
Interrogatives	clause types; argument questions; adjunct questions; determiner questions;	
	intensifier questions; multiple wh-questions; negative inversion; wh-	
	exclamatives	
Negatives	negative and positive clauses; negative polarity items; morphological	
	negation; syntactic negation; absolute negator; approximate negator; NPI	
	licensing; scope of negation	
Passives	voice; agentless passives; long passives; short passives; simple passive	
	complex passives; be-passives vs. get-passives; adjectival passives; stative	
	passives	
Relative Clauses	gap; relative head; relative pronoun; bare relatives; free relatives; infinitival	
	relatives; pseudo-cleft sentences; restrictive relatives; nonrestrictive	
	relatives	
Information packaging	reflexives; there-insertion; raising; extraposition; clefting;	
	pronominalization; substitution; ellipsis	

Learning outcomes

Upon successfully completing the subject, students should be able to:

- To enhance students' understanding of how meaning is made by means by grammar;
- To foster students' understanding of the place of grammar within a broader framework of communication;
- To apply the concepts of syntactic analysis to describe the structure, meaning and use of English grammar;
- To generalize from findings to establish rules;
- To understand and use English effectively and accurately.
- To develop a sensitivity to the possibility of alternative analyses for the same linguistic phenomena;
- To develop an enhanced knowledge of the typical errors of advanced Chinese learners of English.

Learning activities

Lecture	Interactive tutorial	Reading	Assignments	Final project
(hr/week)	(hr/week)	(hr/week)	(hr/week)	(hr/week)
in class	in class	out class	out class	out class
2 hours	1 hour	10 hours	5 hours	
Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	Mandatory	

Grade descriptor

Α	Demonstration of a thorough understanding of basic concepts in grammatical analysis, such as
	syntagmatic and paradigmatic relations, construction and constituent, category and function, unit
	and collocation, clause structure and information packaging; a firm grasp of the methodological
	reasonings favoring one approach over another, with reference to criteria such as economy,
	internal consistency, linguistically significant generalizations and learnability; a high degree of
	competency in describing the structure of a grammatical constituent; an excellent knowledge of
	some of the typical errors made by advanced Chinese learners of English, and a high degree of
	competency in correcting such errors.
A-	Demonstration of a thorough understanding of basic concepts in grammatical analysis, such as
	syntagmatic and paradigmatic relations, construction and constituent, category and function, unit
	and collocation, clause structure and information packaging; a firm grasp of the methodological
	reasonings favoring one approach over another, with reference to criteria such as economy,
	internal consistency, linguistically significant generalizations and learnability; a high degree of
	competency (with minor lapses)in describing the structure of a grammatical constituent; an
	excellent knowledge of some of the typical errors made by advanced Chinese learners of English,
	and a high degree of competency (with minor lapses) in correcting such errors.
В	Demonstration of a good understanding of basic concepts in grammatical analysis, such as
	syntagmatic and paradigmatic relations, construction and constituent, category and function, unit
	and collocation, clause structure and information packaging; a good grasp of the methodological
	reasonings favoring one approach over another, with reference to criteria such as economy,
	internal consistency, linguistically significant generalizations and learnability; a good degree of
	competency in describing the structure of a grammatical constituent; an good knowledge of some
	of the typical errors made by advanced Chinese learners of English, and a good degree of
	competency in correcting such errors.
С	Demonstration of a adequate understanding of basic concepts in grammatical analysis, such as
	syntagmatic and paradigmatic relations, construction and constituent, category and function, unit
	and collocation, clause structure and information packaging; a adequate grasp of the
	methodological reasonings favoring one approach over another, with reference to criteria such as
	economy, internal consistency, linguistically significant generalizations and learnability; a adequate
	degree of competency in describing the structure of a grammatical constituent; an adequate
	knowledge of some of the typical errors made by advanced Chinese learners of English, and a
	adequate degree of competency in correcting such errors.
D	Demonstration of a limited understanding of basic concepts in grammatical analysis, such as
	syntagmatic and paradigmatic relations, construction and constituent, category and function, unit
	and collocation, clause structure and information packaging; a limited grasp of the methodological
	reasonings favoring one approach over another, with reference to criteria such as economy,
	internal consistency, linguistically significant generalizations and learnability; a limited degree of
	competency in describing the structure of a grammatical constituent; an limited knowledge of
	some of the typical errors made by advanced Chinese learners of English, and a limited degree of
	competency in correcting such errors.
F	Demonstration of a minimal understanding of basic concepts in grammatical analysis, such as
	Demonstration of a minimal understanding of basic concepts in grammatical analysis, such as

syntagmatic and paradigmatic relations, construction and constituent, category and function, unit and collocation, clause structure and information packaging; a minimal grasp of the methodological reasonings favoring one approach over another, with reference to criteria such as economy, internal consistency, linguistically significant generalizations and learnability; a minimal degree of competency in describing the structure of a grammatical constituent; an minimal knowledge of some of the typical errors made by advanced Chinese learners of English, and a minimal degree of competency in correcting such errors.

Learning resources for students

Recommended readings:

- Biber, Douglas, Stig Johansson, Geoffrey N. Leech, Susan Conrad, and Edward Finegan. 2021. Grammar of Spoken and Written English: John Benjamins.
- Huddleston, Rodney D., Geoffrey K. Pullum, & Laurie Bauer. (2002). *The Cambridge grammar of the English language*. Cambridge, U.K.; New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Huddleston, Rodney D., Geoffrey K. Pullum. (2005). *A Student's Introduction to English Grammar*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Huddleston, Rodney D., Geoffrey K. Pullum, Brett Reynolds. (2021). *A Student's Introduction to English Grammar*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Quirk, Randolph, Sidney Greenhaum, Geoffrey Leech, and Jan Svartvik. (1985). A Comprehensive grammar of the English language. London: Longman.

References:

- Aarts, Bas. (2001). English syntax and argumentation: Palgrave.
- Biber, Douglas, Stig Johansson, Geoffrey N. Leech, Susan Conrad, and Edward Finegan. (2021). Grammar of Spoken and Written English: John Benjamins.
- Bloor, Thomas, & Meriel Bloor,. (2004). *The functional analysis of English: a Hallidayan approach* (2nd ed.). London: Arnold.
- Brinton, Laurel J. (2000). *The structure of modern English*. Amsterdam: John Benjamins Publishing Company.
- Carney, Edward. (2012). A survey of English spelling: Routledge.
- Carnie, Andrew. (2013). Syntax: A generative introduction: John Wiley & Sons.
- Dik, Simon. C. (1997). *The Theory of functional grammar*. 2nd, rev. ed. ed, *Functional grammar series*. Berlin: Mouton de Gruyter.
- Dixon, Robert M. W. (2005). *A semantic approach to English grammar* (2nd ed.). Oxford; New York: Oxford University Press.
- Downing, Angela. (2006). English grammar: A university course. Second edition. ed. London: Routledge.
- Haegeman, Liliane M. V. (2006). *Thinking syntactically : a guide to argumentation and analysis*. Malden, MA; Oxford: Blackwell Pub.
- Haegeman, Liliane M. V., & Jacqueline Guéon. (1999). *English grammar: a generative perspective*. Oxford; Malden, Mass.: Blackwell Publishers.
- Halliday, M. A. K., & Christian M. I. M. Matthiessen (2004). *An introduction to functional grammar* (3rd ed.). London: Arnold.
- Leech, Geoffrey N. (2006). A glossary of English grammar. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press.
- Lobeck, Anne C. (2000). *Discovering grammar: an introduction to English sentence structure*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Morley, G. David. (2004). *Explorations in functional syntax: a new framework for lexicogrammatical analysis*. London: Equinox Pub.
- Parrott, Martin. (2010). *Grammar for English language teachers* (2nd ed.). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Quirk, Randolph, Sidney Greenhaum, Geoffrey Leech, and Jan Svartvik. (1985). *A Comprehensive grammar of the English language*. London: Longman.

Radden, Günter, & René Dirven. (2007). *Cognitive English grammar*. Amsterdam: John Benjamins Pub. Radford, Andrew. (2009). *An Introduction to English Sentence Structure*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press

Radford, Andrew. (2004). English syntax: an introduction. New York: Cambridge University Press.

Rutherford, William E. (1998). A workbook in the structure of English: linguistic principles and language acquisition. Malden, Mass., USA: Blackwell.

Ryokai, Kimiko, and Richard K. Larson. (2010). Grammar as science. Cambridge, Mass.: MIT Press.

Sportiche, Dominique, Hilda Koopman, and Edward Stabler. (2013). *An introduction to syntactic analysis and theory*: John Wiley & Sons.

Tallerman, Maggie. (2005). Understanding syntax (2nd ed.). London: Hodder Arnold.

Taylor, John R. (2002). Cognitive grammar. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Thompson, Geoff. (2004). Introducing functional grammar (2nd ed.). London: Arnold.

Van Valin, Robert D., & Randy J. LaPolla, (1997). *Syntax : structure, meaning and function*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Williams, James D. (2005). The teacher's grammar book (2nd ed.). Mahwah, N.J.: Lawrence Erlbaum.

Yule, George. (2009). Explaining English grammar. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Feedback for evaluation

To ensure the quality of teaching and learning, students' views and comments are most valuable. Beside formal feedback at the end of the semester, I would appreciate that students give their feedback any time during the semester so that I can act immediately to improve teaching. Suggestions can be made through oral communication or email, either individually or by a group.

Course schedule

Units	Dates	Topics	Required reading: Huddleston and Pullum 2005 Additional readings will be assigned in class
1.	Jan 09	Introduction, a rapid overview, morphology	Chapters 1, 2 & 16
2.	Jan 16	Verbs, tense, aspect, mood I	Chapter 3
	Jan 23	Lunar New Year Vacation	
3.	Jan 30	Verbs, tense, aspect, mood II	Chapter 3
4.	Feb 06	Clause structure, clause type	Chapters 4 and 9
5.	Feb 13	Noun phrase I	Chapter 5
6.	Feb 20	Noun phrase II	Chapter 5
7.	Feb 27	Adjectives and adverbs	Chapter 6
8.	Mar 06	Midterm Test (units 1-6)	
9.	Mar 13	Prepositions and conjunctions	Chapter 7
10.	Mar 20	Subordination and finite clauses	Chapter 10, 11, 12
11.	Mar 27	Non-finite clauses and clauses without verbs	Chapter 13
12.	Apr 03	Negation and Coordination	Chapter 8 and 14
	Apr 10	Easter Holiday	
13.	Apr 17	Information packaging	Chapter 15
	Apr 24	Final Examination (units 7-13)	

Assessment		
Tasks	Description	Weight
Weekly assignments	Group assessments	30%

	(No more than 3 students in each group)	
Midterm exam	Individual assessments	30%
March 06	(2.5 hours)	
Final exam	Individual assessment	40%
April 24	(3 hours)	

Teachers' or TA's contact details

Professor/Lecturer/Instructor:	
Name:	FU, Baoning
Email:	baoning@cuhk.edu.hk
Teaching Venue:	Lady Shaw Bldg LT5
Lecture Time:	Monday 6:30PM - 9:15PM

Teaching Assistant/Tutor:	
Name:	Huang, Zhixian
Office Location	Rm G16, KKL Building, CUHK
Telephone:	3943-7053
Email:	zhixianhuang@link.cuhk.edu.hk