逸出烏托邦之外 −論閻連科《受活》的反烏托邦書寫

鄒文律*

閻連科於二〇〇四年出版的《受活》享譽中外,被視為二十一世紀中國當代文學無法被繞過的一部長篇小說。評論界對於《受活》呈現的烏托邦形象已有不少討論,但本文打算通過文本細讀,對小説描繪的烏托邦/樂園,以及主要人物:柳鷹雀和茅枝,進行細緻的辨析,以期從以下三方面開展析論:一、《受活》虛構的烏托邦/樂園與「毛式烏托邦主義」/中國傳統道家「至德之世」在思想價值上的淵源。二、《受活》的兩位主要角色:茅枝和柳鷹雀對於烏托邦/樂園的態度,與共和國歷史進程及共產主義意識形態的關係。三、本文嘗試説明《受法》的反烏托邦書寫的意涵,通過讓「受活莊」從「共產主義烏托邦」後撤到「至德之也」,閻連科試圖達成對毛主義的顛覆,以及對後毛澤東時期追求「共產主義烏托邦」的手段(「集體一朝致富」)的批判。最後,本文將會考察作家在烏托邦與樂園之間,展現了怎樣的選擇。

關鍵詞: 閻連科 烏托邦 樂園 共產主義 後毛澤東時期

^{*} 鄒文律,香港高等教育科技學院語文及通識教育學院,副教授

Escape from Utopia: On the Anti-utopian Writing in Yan Lianke's *Lenin's Kisses*

Chau Man-lut*

Yan Lianke's novel *Lenin's Kisses*, published in 2004, is renowned at home and abroad. It is regarded as a novel that cannot be overlooked in the twenty-first-century contemporary Chinese literature. Although there has been much discussion on the utopian image presented in *Lenin's Kisses*, this essay aims to analyse in detail the depictions of utopia and paradise in the novel, as well as its main characters Liu Yingque and Mao Zhi, through a close reading. The analysis will be conducted from the following three perspectives: 1) the ideological relations between the utopia/paradise pictured in *Lenin's Kisses* and Maoist utopianism/ "the ideal society" in Chinese Daoism; 2) attitudes of the two protagonists, Mao Zhi and Liu Yingque, towards propia/paradise, and the relations with the development of People's Republic of China and communist ideology; and 3) this essay also attempts to illustrate the meaning of ann-utopian writing in *Lenin's Kisses*—by withdrawing the village "Liven" from a communist utopia to "the ideal society", Yan tries to subvert Maoism and criticize the pursua of "communist utopia" (i.e., "getting-richtogether") in the post-Mao era. Lastly, this essay will examine how the author chooses between utopia and paradise.

Keywords: Yan Lianke utopia paradise communism post-Mao era

^{*} Chau Man-lut, Associate Professor, School of General Education and Language, Technological and Higher Education Institute of Hong Kong