Interests and Political Participation in Urban China: The Case of Residents' Committee Elections

Bing Guan and Yongshun Cai

Abstract

3hted Materials Authoritarian governments carry out elections to gain legitimacy. However, people in these regimes usually tack confidence in the managed elections and are reluctant to participate. Therefore, state mobilization is necessary for these elections to be implemented. Yet, people in such regimes may participate in the elections without state mobilization. In urban China, some homeowners have actively participated in elections for the residents' committee, although they do not interact directly with the committee. This article, which is based on fieldwork in about 20 communities in Beijing, analyzes the reasons for such participation. The residents' committee influences the formation of a homeowners' committee, which is the only legal representative of homeowners in a community. To protect their rights, homeowners are required to acleast create a neutral residents' committee to establish a functional homeowners' committee. Consequently, the homeowners' stake in their community motivates them to participate in the election. This interest-driven participation has important implications for understanding political participation in China.

Bing GUAN is research fellow at the Centre for Chinese Public Administration Research and assistant professor at the School of Government, Sun Yat-sen University. His research focuses on social movements and collective action, social organizations, and the media-state relationship in China.

Yongshun CAI is professor of social science at Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. He is the author of State and Agents in China: Disciplining Government Officials (Stanford University Press, 2014).