FROM PROXIMATE/OBVIATIVE TO NUMBER MARKING: REANALYSIS OF HIERARCHICAL INDEXATION IN RGYALRONG LANGUAGES

Shuya Zhang
INALCO, Paris

ABSTRACT

This paper documents the inverse marking system in Brag-bar dialect of Situ Rgyalrong, a Sino-Tibetan language spoken in south-west China. It describes a case of reanalysis of proximate/obviative marking in the non-local domain as number marking, and uses this development as a model to account for person indexation pattern found in Kiranti languages, another subgroup of the Sino-Tibetan family which has never been in contact with Rgyalrong languages.

KEYWORDS

Direct-inverse system **P**roximate/obviative **E**mpathy hierarchy
Rgyalrongic languages **B**rag-bar **B**antawa

Shuya Zhang (章舒娅); [zhang.shuyafr@gmail.com]; Inalco-Crlao, 2 Rue de Lille, 75007, Paris France.

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从近指/远指到数标记：
嘉绒语中的认同等第标示的重新分析

章舒娅
法国国立东方语言文化学院，巴黎

摘要

嘉绒语分布在中国西南，属于汉藏语系藏缅语族。本文主要讨论四土嘉戎语白湾话的反向标示系统。在白湾话反向系统中，外部互动领域的近指/远指标示被重新分析为数的表示。本文将白湾话反向系统的这一演化作为原型来解释汉藏语系藏缅语族中的基兰提语支中的人称标示范式。

关键词

反向系统　近指/远指　认同等第　嘉绒语组语言　白湾话　班塔瓦语