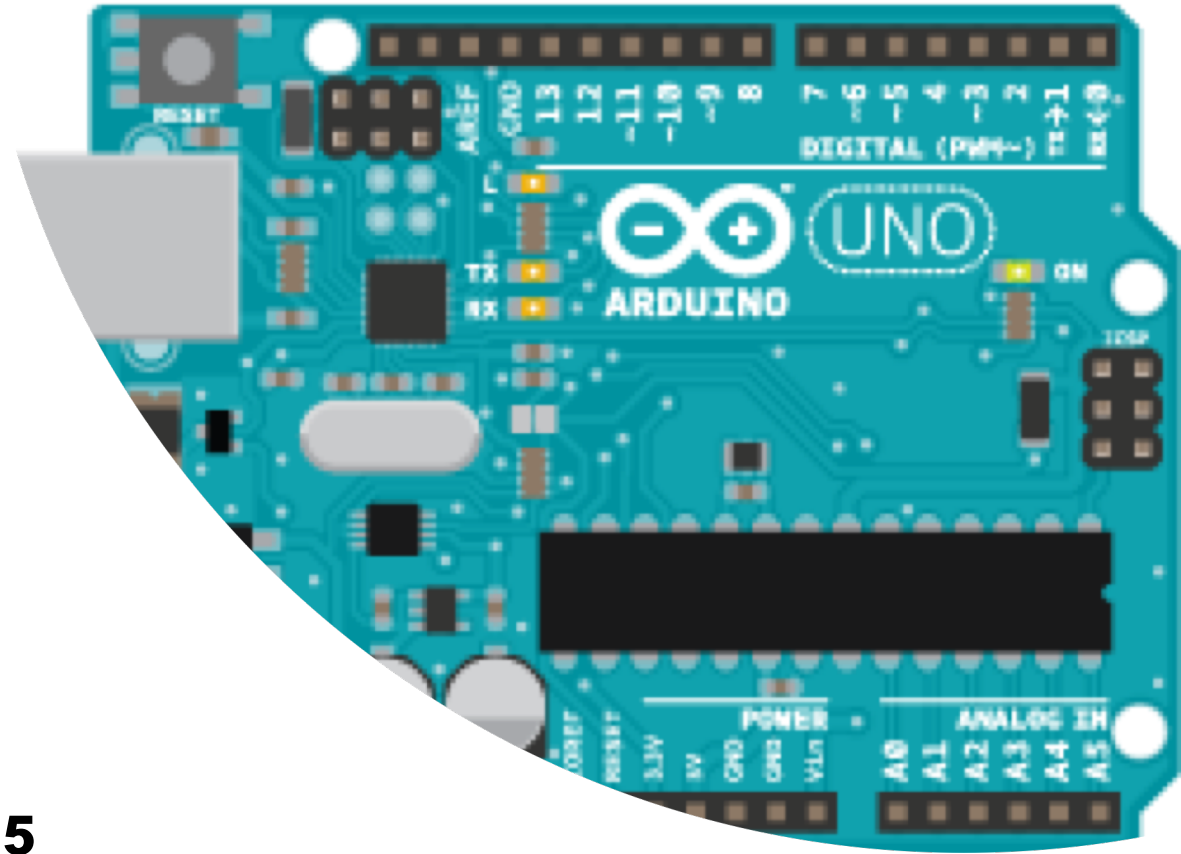


Sound Recorder (II)

Wai Keung, Hao, Min

Outline

- **Recap: Operations on Flash**
- **Buffer and Driver of DAC TI TLC5615**
- **Simple Examples**



Recap: Write Data into Flash

- a. **void FlashStartWrite(uint32_t page);** (gives the starting address to write data in flash)
- b. **void FlashStoreWord(uint16_t input);** (writes 10-bit analog data into flash)
- c. **void FlashEndAction();** (tells flash the action “write” is finished)
- d. **boolean CheckForFinish();** (ensures the flash is ready for another action)

Recap: Read Data from Flash

- a. **void FlashStartRead(uint32_t page);** (gives the starting address to read data from flash)
- b. **uint16_t FlashReadWord();**(reads 10-bit data)
- c. **void FlashEndAction();** (tells flash the action “read” is finished)

Recap: Erase Flash

a. **void DeleteAll();**(erases the whole flash)

Buffer

```
uint16_t s_buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
```

- a. void addBuffer(uint16_t temp);**(stores the data in buffer during flash preparing next page)
- b. bool popBuffer(uint16_t* output);**(pops stored data from a buffer and check whether the buffer is “empty”)

Driver of DAC TI TLC5615

```
class TLC5615 {  
private:  
    uint8_t _ss; // GPIO pin used for the chip select for the DAC  
public:  
    TLC5615(uint8_t ss); // Initialize the TLC5615 driver  
    void begin(void); // Initialize the SPI bus and the DAC chip  
    void TLC5615::analogWrite(uint16_t value); // Write a value to the DAC  
};
```

```
TLC5615 dac(10); // the instantiation of driver for TI TLC5615 DAC chip  
dac.analogWrite(analogData); // write data into DAC chip
```

Example 1:

//When flash is available.

.....

```
address_counter = 0;
```

```
FlashStoreWord(analogData);
```

```
address_counter = address_counter  
+ 2;
```

```
new_data = false;
```

.....

```
ISR(TIMER2_COMPA_vect) {
```

```
    analogData = analogRead(0);
```

```
    new_data = true; //A flag whether the new analog data is available
```

```
    // The new_data changes its status at the sampling speed
```

```
}
```


Example 2:

// when flash is not available

```
.....  
addBuffer(analogData);  
new_data = false;  
.....  
If (CheckForFinish())  
{  
    .....  
    dump = true; //a flag indicates starts to transferring data from  
buffer to flash  
    FlashStartWrite(page_count);  
    .....  
}  
.....
```

Example 3:

```
//When flash is available again
.....
uint16_t get_data;
If (popBuffer(&get_data)) {
    FlashStoreWord(get_data);
    address_counter = address_counter+2;
}
else{
    ..... // need to change the states of flags
}
.....
```