THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG

Department of Mathematics

MATH1010 University Mathematics 2022-2023 Term 1 Homework Assignment 4

Due Date: 7 December 2022

I declare that the assignment here submitted is original except for source material explicitly acknowledged, the piece of work, or a part of the piece of work has not been submitted for more than one purpose (i.e. to satisfy the requirements in two different courses) without declaration, and that the submitted soft copy with details listed in the "Submission Details" is identical to the hard copy, if any, which has been submitted. I also acknowledge that I am aware of University policy and regulations on honesty in academic work, and of the disciplinary guidelines and procedures applicable to breaches of such policy and regulations, as contained on the University website https://www.cuhk.edu.hk/policy/academichonesty/

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It is also understood that assignment by the student concerned will not be	nts without a properly signed declaration e graded by the course teacher.
Signature	Date

General Regulations

• All assignments will be submitted and graded on Gradescope. You can view your grades and submit regrade requests here as well. For submitting your PDF homework on Gradescope, here are a few tips.

Where is Gradescope?

Do the following:

- 1. Go to 2022R1 University Mathematics (MATH1010ABCDEF)
- 2. Choose Tools in the left-hand column
- 3. Scroll down to the bottom of the page
- 4. The green Gradescope icon will be there
- Late assignments will receive a grade of 0.
- Print out the cover sheet (i.e. the first page of this document), and sign and date the statement of Academic Honestv.
- Write your COMPLETE name and student ID number legibly on the cover sheet (otherwise we will not take any responsibility for your assignments). Please write your answers using a black or blue pen, NOT any other color or a pencil.

- Write your solutions on A4 white paper. Please do not use any colored paper and make sure that your written solutions are a suitable size (easily read). Failure to comply with these instructions will result in a 10-point deduction).
- Show all work for full credit. In most cases, a correct answer with no supporting work will NOT receive full credit. What you write down and how you write it are the most important means of your answers getting good marks on this homework. Neatness and organization are also essential.

1. Evaluate the following integrals:

(a)
$$\int x \sec^2 x dx$$

(d)
$$\int \frac{x^5}{(1+x^3)^3} dx$$

(b)
$$\int \sec^2 x \ln \tan x dx$$

(e)
$$\int x^2 \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x} dx$$

(c)
$$\int e^{-x} \sin 3x \, dx$$

(f)
$$\int e^x \left(\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \cos x} \right) dx$$

2. Evaluate the following integrals:

(a)
$$\int \sin^4 x \, \cos^3 x dx$$

(e)
$$\int \frac{2e^x}{e^{2x} - 4} dx$$

(b)
$$\int \cos^4 x \, \sin^2 x dx$$

(f)
$$\int \sec x dx$$

(c)
$$\int \sec x \tan^3 x dx$$

(g)
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

(d)
$$\int \sec^4 x \tan^6 x dx$$

(h)
$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

3. Evaluate the following integrals by trigonometric substitutions:

(a)
$$\int \frac{x^2 dx}{(1-x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

(c)
$$\int \sqrt{4-x^2} \, dx$$

(b)
$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4+x^2}}$$

(d)
$$\int \frac{1}{(x^2+1)^2} dx$$

4. Prove the following reduction formulas.

(a)
$$I_n = \int \frac{x^n dx}{\sqrt{x+a}}; \quad I_n = \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x+a}}{2n+1} - \frac{2an}{2n+1} I_{n-1}, n \ge 1.$$

(b)
$$I_n = \int \sin^n x dx$$
; $I_n = -\frac{\cos x \sin^{n-1} x}{n} + \frac{n-1}{n} I_{n-2}$, $n \ge 2$.

(c)
$$I_n = \int \frac{1}{x^n(x+1)} dx$$
; $I_n = \frac{1}{-n+1} x^{-n+1} - I_{n-1}, n \ge 2$.

(d)
$$I_n = \int_0^{\pi} x^n \sin x \, dx$$
; $I_n = \pi^n - n(n-1)I_{n-2}$, $n \ge 2$, then find I_6 .

5. Find F'(x) for the following functions:

(a)
$$F(x) = \int_{\pi}^{x} \frac{\cos y}{y} \, dy$$

(d)
$$F(x) = \int_{x^2}^{x^3} e^{\cos u} du$$

(b)
$$F(x) = \int_0^{x^3} e^{u^2} du$$

(e)
$$F(x) = \int_{1}^{x} \frac{e^{x} + e^{t}}{t} dt$$

(c)
$$F(x) = \int_{x}^{2x} (\ln t)^{2} dt$$

(f)
$$F(x) = \int_{-\sqrt{\ln x}}^{\sqrt{\ln x}} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt$$

6. Evaluate the following integrals of rational functions:

(a)
$$\int \frac{x^2}{1-x^2} dx$$

(b)
$$\int \frac{4x+1}{x^2-6x+13} dx$$

(c)
$$\int \frac{2x^3-x^2+3}{x^2-2x-3} dx$$

(d)
$$\int \frac{x^2+1}{(x+1)^2(x-1)} dx$$

(e)
$$\int \frac{2x^2-2}{2x^2-5x+2} dx$$

(f)
$$\int \frac{-x+1}{2x^2+4x+5} dx$$

7. Evaluate the following definite integrals:

(a)
$$\int_0^1 x^3 \sqrt{1+3x^2} \, dx$$

(b) $\int_0^\pi x \sin 2x \, dx$
(c) $\int_0^1 \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \, dx$
(d) $\int_0^5 |x^2 - 4x + 3| \, dx$
(e) $\int_0^4 \ln(x^2 + 4) \, dx$
(f) $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \tan^4(x) \, dx$
(g) $\int_0^1 \frac{x}{x^2 + 4x + 5} \, dx$
(h) $\int_0^5 \frac{x}{\sqrt{9-x}} \, dx$

8. Evaluate the following indefinite integrals by using the t-substitution:

(a)
$$\int \frac{1}{3 + 2\sin x + \cos x} dx$$

(b)
$$\int \frac{1}{2 + \cos x} dx$$

9. Suppose that $f:[-1,1]\to (0,\infty)$ is an even, continuous function such that

•
$$\int_{-1}^{1} f(x) dx = 1;$$

• f(x) is strictly increasing over [-1, 0].

(a) Show that f(x) attains its global maximum at 0.

(b) Let

$$G(r) = \int_{-r}^{r} f(x) \, dx.$$

Use first principles to show that G(r) is differentiable over [-1,1] and find its derivative.

10. By considering a suitable integral, evaluate the following limits:

(a)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \ln \left(\frac{n+k}{n} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \frac{n^2 + k^2}{n^3 + k^3}$$

- 11. Let f_0 be a continuous function on \mathbb{R} . For each positive integer n, define the function f_n on \mathbb{R} by $f_n(x) = \int_0^x f_{n-1}(t)dt$ for any $x \in \mathbb{R}$.
 - (a) Show that whenever m, n are positive integers,

$$\int_0^x (x-t)^{m-1} f_n(t)dt = \frac{1}{m} \int_0^x (x-t)^m f_{n-1}(t)dt$$

for any $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

(b) Show that whenever n is a positive integer, $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int_0^x (x-t)^{n-1} f_0(t) dt$ for any $x \in \mathbb{R}$.