

THE CHINESE UNIVERSITY OF HONG KONG
Department of Mathematics
MATH 2070A Algebraic Structures 2018-19
Homework 10
Due Date: 29th November 2018

Compulsory Part

1. Let f be a monic polynomial in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$ with integer coefficients. Show that if $r \in \mathbb{Q}$ is a root of f , then $r \in \mathbb{Z}$.
2. Let F be a field. Let f, g be relatively prime polynomials in $F[x]$. Show that if both f and g divide a polynomial h in $F[x]$, then $fg|h$.
3. Determine if the following polynomials are irreducible in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$:
 - (a) $f = x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x + 24257$
(Hint: First consider f as an element in $\mathbb{Z}[x]$, then determine if its image \bar{f} in $\mathbb{F}_2[x]$ is irreducible.)
 - (b) $f = x^4 + x^2 + x + 1$
 - (c) $f = 4x^3 - 6x - 1$

Optional Part

1. Consider the polynomials $f = x^2 - x - 2$ and $g = x^3 - 2x + 1$ in $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$. By adapting the Euclidean Algorithm to $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$, find $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}_5[x]$ such that $af + bg = \gcd(f, g)$.

(Here, $\gcd(f, g)$ is the unique monic polynomial in $\mathbb{Z}_5[x]$ with the property that the ideal (f, g) is equal to the principal ideal $(\gcd(f, g))$).
2. Express the following polynomials as products of irreducible factors.
 - (a) $x^4 + 1$ in $\mathbb{Z}_2[x]$.
 - (b) $x^3 + 1$ in $\mathbb{Z}_3[x]$.
3. Show that the following polynomials are irreducible in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$:
 - (a) $2x^5 + 25x + 210$
 - (b) $17715x^2 + 1234567x + 4561$
 - (c) $x^3 + 6x^2 + 7$
 - (d) $4x^3 - 3x + \frac{1}{2}$
 - (e) $\frac{1}{3}x^5 - x^4 + 1$
 - (f) $x^4 + 5x^2 - 2x - 3$.
(Hint: Consider the irreducible factors of the polynomial over \mathbb{F}_2 and \mathbb{F}_3 . What conclusion can one draw?)

4. Let k be a field. Let $f = a_0 + a_1x + \cdots + a_nx^n$ be a polynomial in $k[x]$ of degree n . Show that if f is irreducible in $k[x]$, then so is:

$$f^* := a_n + a_{n-1}x + \cdots + a_1x^{n-1} + a_0x^n.$$

5. **Converse of Euclid's Lemma.** Let F be a field, f a polynomial in $F[x]$ with degree ≥ 1 , such that, for $g, h \in F[x]$, the condition $f|gh$ implies that $f|g$ or $f|h$. Show that f is irreducible in $F[x]$.

(Try to prove this without invoking the unique factorization theorem.)