Economic Upgrading, Social Upgrading, and hied Materials Rural Migrant Workers in the Pearl River Delta*

Xu Wang, Chris King-Chi Chan, and Linchuan Yang

Abstract

The article investigates whether and how economic upgrading leads to social upgrading for rural migrant workers (RMWs) in the Pearl River Delta (PRD) region of China. Two cities that represent different types of economic upgrading in the PRD, namely Shenzhen and Foshan, were selected as the investigation sites. The data were mainly obtained from statistical yearbooks and interviews with 72 informants, including RMWs, scholars, employers, and officials. The article argues that two types of economic upgrading, namely reindustrialization and tertiarization, affect the social upgrading of RMWs in different ways. However, both types of economic upgrading have caused a pushing-out effect by increasing unemployment or working intensity and living costs.

Xu Wang is a senior staff member in the Department of Natural Resources of Sichuan Province.

Chris King-chi Chan is Associate Professor in the Department of Sociology, The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Linchuan Yang is Professor in the Department of Urban and Rural Planning, School of Architecture and Design, Southwest Jiaotong University. Correspondence should be sent to yanglc0125@swjtu.edu.cn.

* The authors would like to acknowledge funding support from the Hong Kong Research Grant Council (CityU 11616115). Wang would also like to extend sincere thanks to Dr. Roger Chan in the Department of Urban Planning and Design, the University of Hong Kong.