

**MATH4050 Real Analysis**  
**Homework 1**

There are 9 questions in this assignment ( your works on the questions with \* will be marked). The page number and question number for each question correspond to that in Royden's Real Analysis, 3rd or 4th edition.

1\* (3rd: P.12, Q6)

Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a mapping of a nonempty space  $X$  into  $Y$ . Show that  $f$  is one-to-one if and only if there is a mapping  $g : Y \rightarrow X$  such that  $g \circ f$  is the identity map on  $X$ , that is, such that  $g(f(x)) = x$  for all  $x \in X$ .

2. (3rd: P.12, Q7)

Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a mapping of  $X$  into  $Y$ . Show that  $f$  is onto if there is a mapping  $g : Y \rightarrow X$  such that  $f \circ g$  is the identity map in  $Y$ , that is, such that  $f(g(y)) = y$  for all  $y \in Y$ .

3. Show that any set  $X$  can be "indexed":  $\exists$  a set  $I$  and a function  $f : I \rightarrow X$  such that  $\{f(i) : i \in I\} = X$ .

4\* (3rd: P.16, Q14)

Given a set  $B$  and a collection of sets  $\mathcal{C}$ . Show that

$$B \cap \left[ \bigcup_{A \in \mathcal{C}} A \right] = \bigcup_{A \in \mathcal{C}} (B \cap A).$$

5. (3rd: P.16, Q15)

Show that if  $\mathcal{A}$  and  $\mathcal{B}$  are two collection of sets, then

$$\left[ \bigcup \{A : A \in \mathcal{A}\} \right] \cap \left[ \bigcup \{B : B \in \mathcal{B}\} \right] = \bigcup \{A \cap B : (A, B) \in \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{B}\}.$$

6. (3rd: P.16, Q16)

Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a function and  $\{A_\lambda\}_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$  be a collection of subsets of  $X$ .

- a. Show that  $f[\bigcup A_\lambda] = \bigcup f[A_\lambda]$ .
- b. Show that  $f[\bigcap A_\lambda] \subset \bigcap f[A_\lambda]$ .
- c. Give an example where  $f[\bigcap A_\lambda] \neq \bigcap f[A_\lambda]$ .

7\* (3rd: P.16, Q17)

Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a function and  $\{B_\lambda\}_{\lambda \in \Lambda}$  be a collection of subsets of  $Y$ .

- a. Show that  $f^{-1}[\bigcup B_\lambda] = \bigcup f^{-1}[B_\lambda]$ .
- b. Show that  $f^{-1}[\bigcap B_\lambda] = \bigcap f^{-1}[B_\lambda]$ .
- c. Show that  $f^{-1}[B^c] = (f^{-1}[B])^c$  for  $B \subset Y$ .

8\* (3rd: P.16, Q18)

a. Show that if  $f$  maps  $X$  into  $Y$  and  $A \subset X$ ,  $B \subset Y$ , then

$$f[f^{-1}[B]] \subset B$$

and

$$f^{-1}[f[A]] \supset A.$$

b. Give examples to show that we need not have equality.

c. Show that if  $f$  maps  $X$  onto  $Y$  and  $B \subset Y$ , then

$$f[f^{-1}[B]] = B.$$

9. Show that  $f \mapsto \int_0^1 f(x)dx$  is a “monotone” function on  $R[0, 1]$  (consisting of all Riemann integrable functions on  $[0, 1]$ ), and  $R[0, 1]$  is a linear space. Show further that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 f_n(x)dx = \int_0^1 f(x)dx$$

if  $f, f_n \in R[0, 1]$  such that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \sup_{x \in [0, 1]} |f_n(x) - f(x)| \right) = 0.$$