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中大香港亞太研究所民調:

四成市民關注立法會選舉 三成選民表示一定會投票

香港中文大學(中大)香港亞太研究所於2021年11月29日至12月8日晚上進行電 話調查,探討大眾對 2021 年立法會換屆選舉的看法。調查發現 41.3%受訪者表示關注是屆 立法會選舉,30.8%受訪選民回答一定會在選舉中投票。調查結果摘要如下:

是次調查詢問了受訪者對 2021 年 12 月 19 日舉行的立法會換屆選舉的關注程度,結果 顯示,有 41.3%受訪者表示關注(當中包括回答關注的 31.9%及非常關注的 9.4%),而表示 不關注是次立法會換屆選舉的則有 52.8%(當中包括表示不關注的 34.6%及非常不關注的 18.2%)。由此可見,市民對 2021 年立法會選舉的關注度並不高(見附表一)。

在這次調查,所有受訪者中的92.0%為登記選民(見附表二)。在這些登記選民的受訪 者當中,有 30.8%表示一定會在 12 月 19 日立法會地區選區選舉中投票,17.4%表示可能會 投票,32.8%回答不會投票,而有19.0%表示不知道或未決定會否投票(見附表三)。那些回 答一定會、可能會及不知道或未決定會否投票的受訪選民,當被問及如果投票時最重視候 選人那一項個人條件時,有較多人提及「政綱(35.3%),其次是「從政及公職經驗(23.5%) 及「政黨背景」(11.4%)(見附表四)。

對於立法會最重要職能的看法,調查發現,所有的受訪者中的 39.7%認為是「監察政府 工作 _是最重要,其餘依次為「審訂法律 _(15.8%)、「匯集民意 _(14.9%),和「討論政策 _ (9.9%) 等(見附表五)。

最後,被問及對最近一年立法會議員的表現時,43.2%的受訪者表示不滿意立法會議員 最近一年表現,表示「一半半」的有38.1%,只有10.5%滿意他們的表現(見附表六)。

是次調查採用雙框電話號碼(家居固網電話及手提電話)取樣設計,共成功訪問了712名18歲或以上的市民(家居固網電話:353名;手提電話:359名),家居固網電話及手提電話樣本的成功回應率分別為27.5%和31.7%。以712個成功樣本數推算,百分比變項的抽樣誤差約在正或負3.67個百分點以內(可信度設於95%)。調查結果先後以樣本被抽中的機會率和政府統計處最新公佈的性別及年齡分佈作加權處理。

中大香港亞太研究所電話調查研究室

二零二一年十二月十三日

傳媒查詢:中大香港亞太研究所副所長(執行)鄭宏泰博士(電話:3943 1341)。

【是次調查採用了家居固網及手提電話的雙框電話號碼取樣設計,有關數據經雙框電話號碼樣本被抽中的機會率和政府統計處最新公佈的性別及年齡分佈作加權處理。由於數據經過加權處理,可能會有進位(Rounding)的情況出現,個別數字的總和與總數未必相同,故可能出現總體百分比不等於100%的情況。】

附表一:對立法會換屆選舉的關注度(百分比)

	百分比	
非常關注	9.4) 41 2
關注	31.9) 41.3
不關注	34.6) 52 0
非常不關注	18.2) 52.8
不知道/很難說	5.9	
(樣本數)	(710)	

問題:「立法會換屆選舉將於 12 月 19 日舉行,你對依次立法會選舉有幾關注呢?係非常唔關注、唔關注、關注、關注,定係非常關注呢?」

附表二:是否登記選民(百分比)

	百分比
是	92.0
否	8.0
(樣本數)	(699)

問題:「請問你依家係咪登記選民呢?」

附表三:立法會換屆選舉的投票意欲(百分比)【此題只問登記選民】

	百分比
一定會	30.8
可能會	17.4
不會	32.8
不知道/未決定	19.0
(樣本數)	(628)

問題:「你會唔會喺 12 月 19 日立法會嘅地區選區選舉中投票呢?係一定會、可能會,定係唔會呢?」

附表四: 今屆立法會選舉投票時考慮的候選人個人條件(百分比) 【此題只問一定會、可能會及不知道/未決定會否投票的登記選民】

	百分比	
政綱	35.3	
從政及公職經驗	23.5	
政黨背景	11.4	
知名度	1.3	
外表	0.9	
個人背景 (例如職業、學歷等)	0.7	
其他	5.7	
不知道/很難說	21.1	
(樣本數)	(421)	

問題:「當你選立法會議員時,你最重視候選人以下邊一項個人條件呢?係佢嘅從政同公職經驗、政黨背景、政綱、知名度、外表、年齡、個人背景 (例如職業、學歷等),定係其他呢?」

附表五:立法會最重要的職能(百分比)

	百分比	
監察政府工作	39.7	
審訂法律	15.8	
匯集民意	14.9	
討論政策	9.9	
提供專業意見	3.3	
其他	1.9	
不知道/很難說	14.6	
(樣本數)	(712)	

問題:「一般嚟講,立法機關職能可以分為以下幾個,對你嚟講,邊一個係香港立法會最重要嘅職能 呢?」

附表六:對立法會議員最近一年表現的滿意程度(百分比)

	百分比	
滿意	10.5	
一半半	38.1	
不滿意	43.2	
不知道/很難說	8.3	
(樣本數)	(709)	

問題:「整體嚟講,你對最近一年立法會議員嘅表現有幾滿意呢?係滿意、一半半,定係不滿意呢?」

Survey Findings on Views about the 2021 Legislative Council Election Released by Hong Kong Institute of Asia-Pacific Studies at CUHK

A telephone survey was conducted from 29 November to 8 December 2021 by the Hong Kong Institute of Asia-Pacific Studies, The Chinese University of Hong Kong to gauge public views about the 2021 Legislative Council election. Of the respondents, 41.3% said they were interested (including those who were somewhat interested or very interested) in the election. 30.8% of the respondents who were registered electors answered that they were going to vote in the coming Legislative Council election.

Major findings are summarised as follows:

The survey found that 41.3% of the respondents said they were interested in the 2021 Legislative Council election to be held on 19 December 2021 (including 31.9% who were somewhat interested and 9.4% who were very interested), and 52.8% were not interested (including 34.6% who were not very interested and 18.2% who were not at all interested).

Of all the respondents, 92.0% were registered electors. 30.8% of those who were registered electors said that they would definitely vote in the coming Legislative Council Geographical Constituencies election on 19 December 2021 and 17.4% of them might vote in the election. Meanwhile, 32.8% said that they would not do so and the other 19.0% answered "don't know or have not made a decision". Of the respondents who were going to vote, might vote or had not made a decision, 35.3% said that the most important criterion for their voting choice was the candidate's "platform", followed by "relevant political or public service experience" (23.5%) and "party affiliation" (11.4%).

All respondents were asked about the most important function of the Legislative Council. A comparatively larger portion replied "monitoring the work of the government" (39.7%), followed by "enacting laws" (15.8%), "gauging public opinion" (14.9%), and "discussing policies" (9.9%).

Lastly, when asked about their views on the performance of the Legislative Councillors in the most recent year, 43.2% of the respondents indicated dissatisfaction, while 38.1% answered "half-half". 10.5% said they were satisfied with their performance.

The survey employed a dual-frame sampling design that included both landline and mobile phone numbers. A total of 712 respondents aged 18 or above (landline: 353; mobile: 359) were successfully interviewed, with response rates of 27.5% (landline) and 31.7% (mobile). The sampling error is estimated at plus or minus 3.67 percentage points at the 95% confidence level. Weighting of survey data was based on the probability of the respondents being selected via dual-frame sampling design and relevant age-sex distribution of the population published by the Census and Statistics Department.

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