

•  $\text{II} \Rightarrow \text{I}$   $(\alpha, Z) \Rightarrow p(y|x)$ : Obvious.

•  $\text{I} \Rightarrow \text{II}$ :

- For  $x \in \mathcal{X}$ , define  $Z_x$  with  $\mathcal{Z}_x = \mathcal{Y}$  such that  $\Pr\{Z_x = y\} = p(y|x)$ .
- Assume  $Z_x, x \in \mathcal{X}$  are mutually independent and also independent of  $X$ .
- Define the noise variable  $Z = (Z_x : x \in \mathcal{X})$ .
- Let  $Y = Z_x$  if  $X = x$ , so that  $Y = \alpha(X, Z)$ .
- Then

$$\begin{aligned}\Pr\{X = x, Y = y\} &= \Pr\{X = x\}\Pr\{Y = y|X = x\} \\ &= \Pr\{X = x\}\Pr\{Z_x = y|X = x\} \\ &= \Pr\{X = x\}\Pr\{Z_x = y\} \\ &= \Pr\{X = x\}p(y|x)\end{aligned}$$