

**Theorem 11.29 (Nyquist-Shannon Sampling Theorem)** Let  $g(t)$  be a signal with Fourier transform  $G(f)$  that vanishes for  $f \notin [-W, W]$ . Then

$$g(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} g\left(\frac{i}{2W}\right) \text{sinc}(2Wt - i)$$

for  $-\infty < t < \infty$ , where

$$\text{sinc}(t) = \frac{\sin(\pi t)}{\pi t}$$

called the sinc function, is defined to be 1 at  $t = 0$  by continuity.

**Remarks**