

**Definition 11.19 (Gaussian Channel)** A Gaussian channel with noise energy  $N$  is a continuous channel with the following two equivalent specifications:

1.  $f(y|\textcolor{blue}{x}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi N}} e^{-\frac{(y-\textcolor{blue}{x})^2}{2N}}$
2.  $Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0, N)$  and  $\alpha(X, Z) = X + Z$ .

**Definition 11.20 (Memoryless Gaussian Channel)** A memoryless Gaussian channel with noise power  $N$  and input power constraint  $P$  is a memoryless continuous channel with the generic continuous channel being the Gaussian channel with noise energy  $N$ . The input power constraint  $P$  refers to the input constraint  $(\kappa, P)$  with  $\kappa(x) = x^2$ .