

CENG3420 Computer Organization & Design

Lecture 06 Review: Datapath

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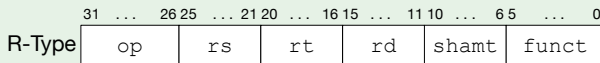
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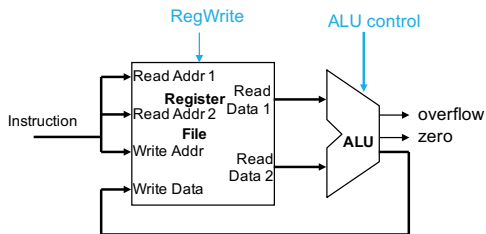
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Executing R-Type Operations (e.g. `add`)

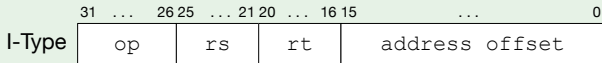


- ▶ Perform operation (`op` and `funct`) on values in `rs` and `rt`
- ▶ Store the result back into the Register File (into location `rd`)

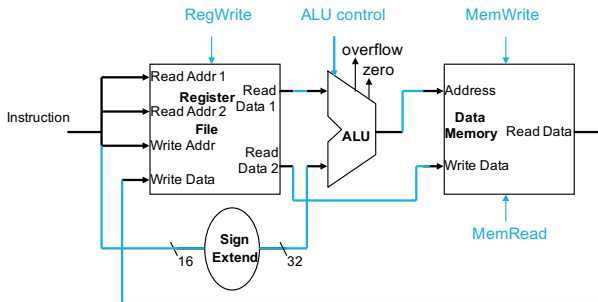


- ▶ Note that Register File is not written every cycle (e.g. `sw`), so we need an explicit write control signal for the Register File

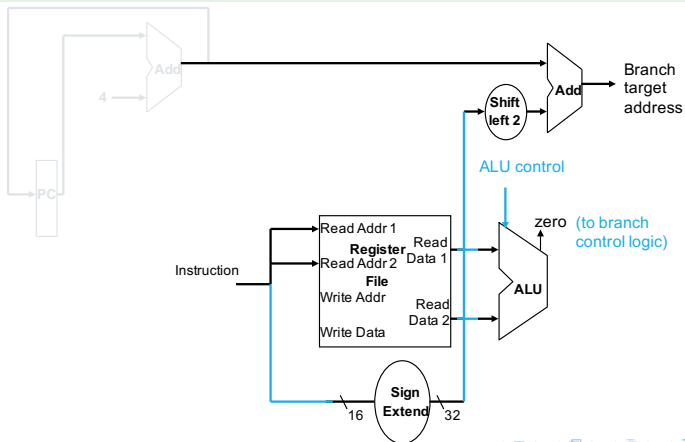
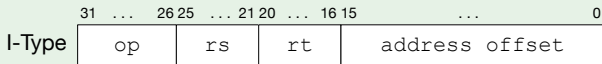
Executing Load & Store Operations (lw, sw)



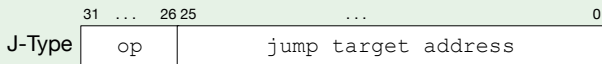
- ▶ Compute a memory address by rs and $offset$
- ▶ Original data is in register rt



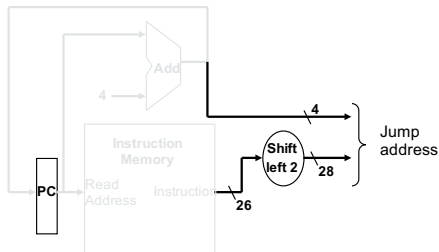
Executing Branch Operations (beq)



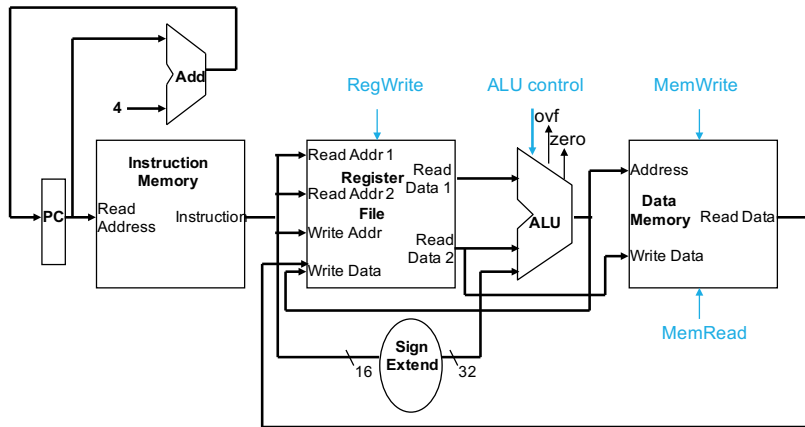
Executing Jump Operations (j)



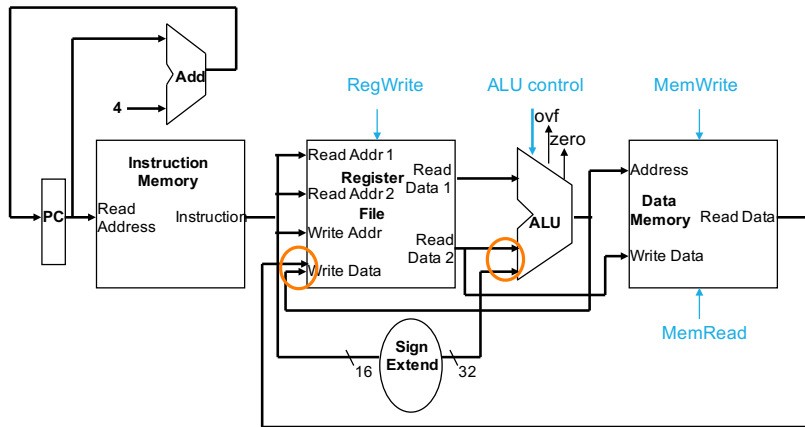
- ▶ Replace the lower 28 bits of the PC with the lower 26 bits of the fetched instruction shifted left by 2 bits



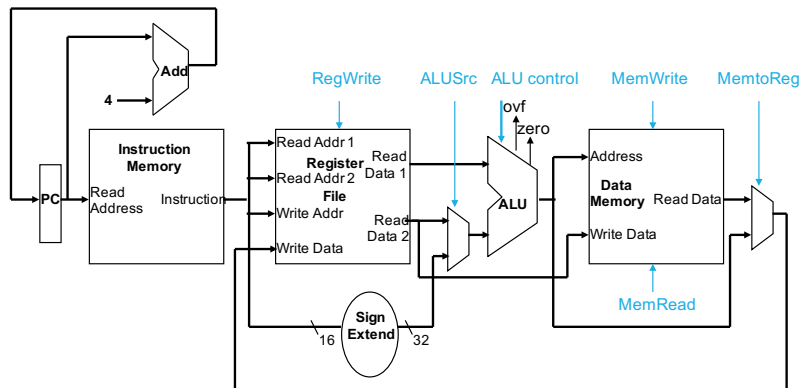
Fetch, R, and Memory Access Portions



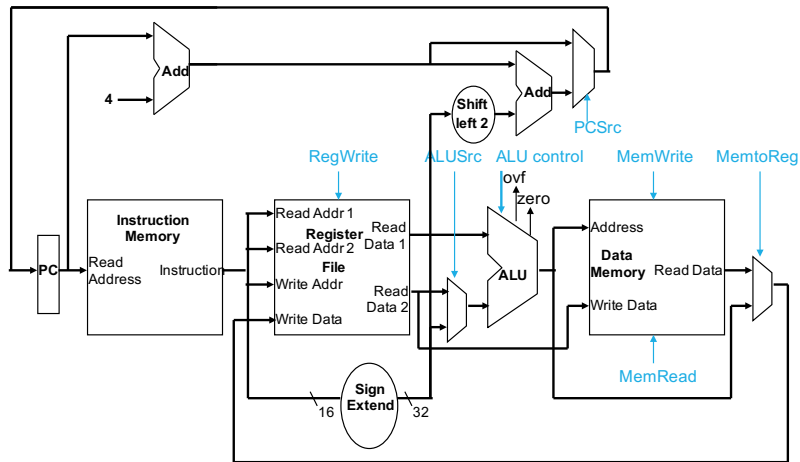
Fetch, R, and Memory Access Portions



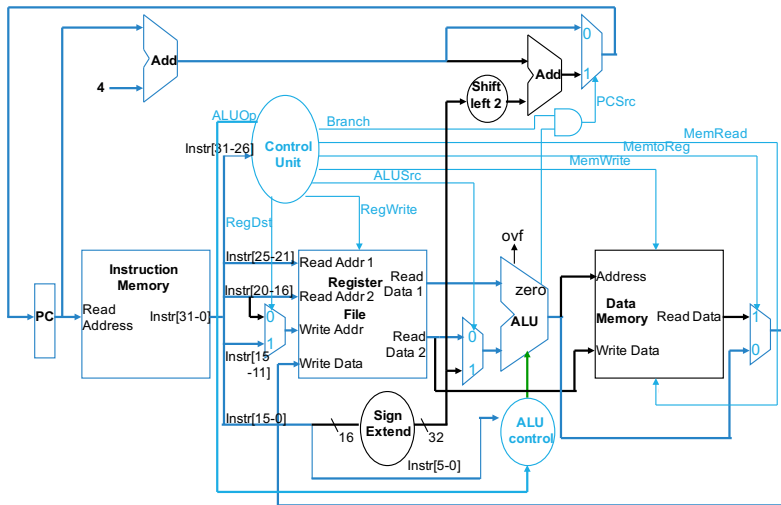
Multiplexor Insertion



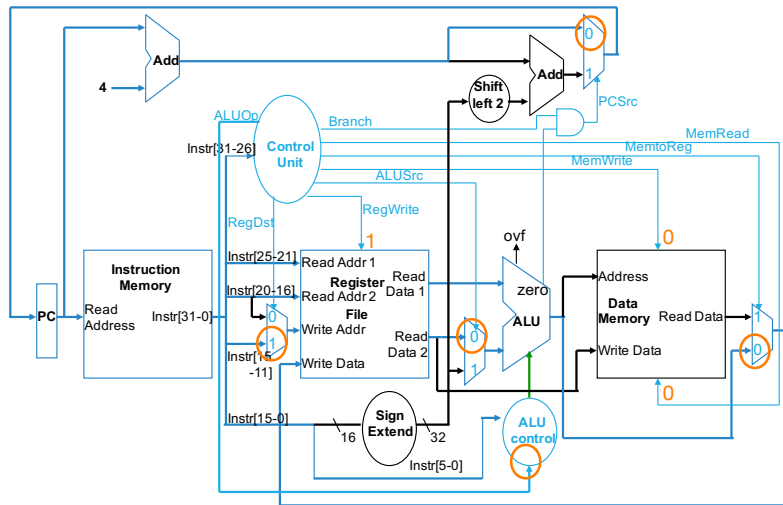
Adding the Branch Portion



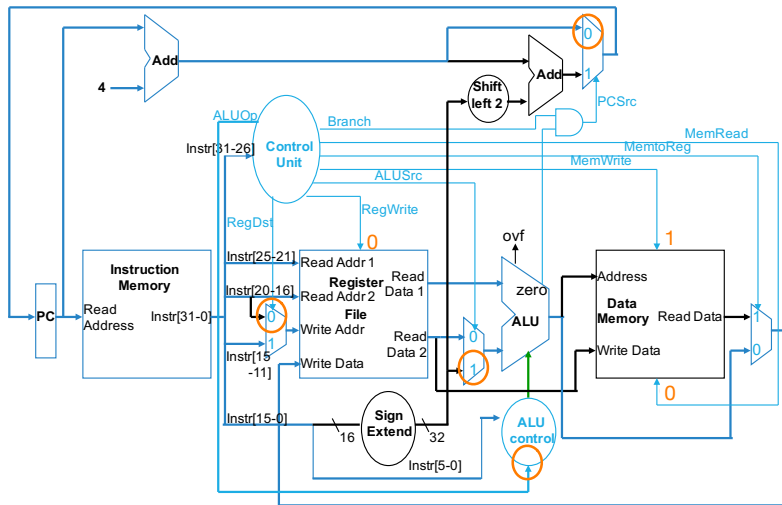
R-type Instruction Data/Control Flow



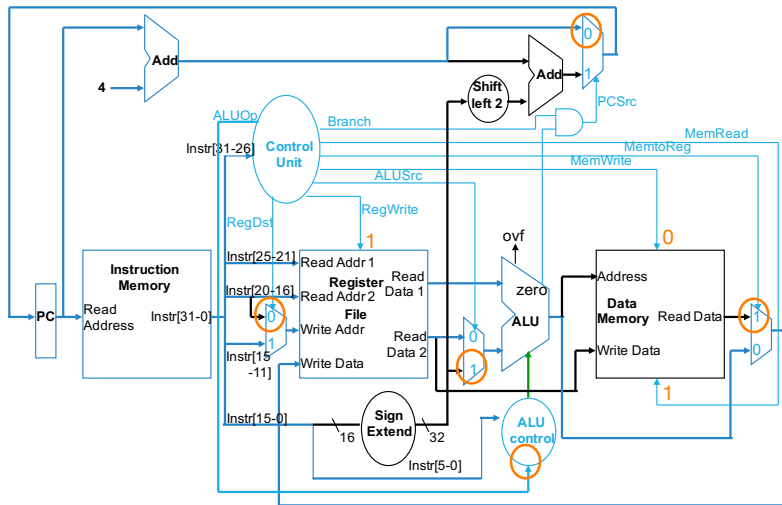
R-type Instruction Data/Control Flow



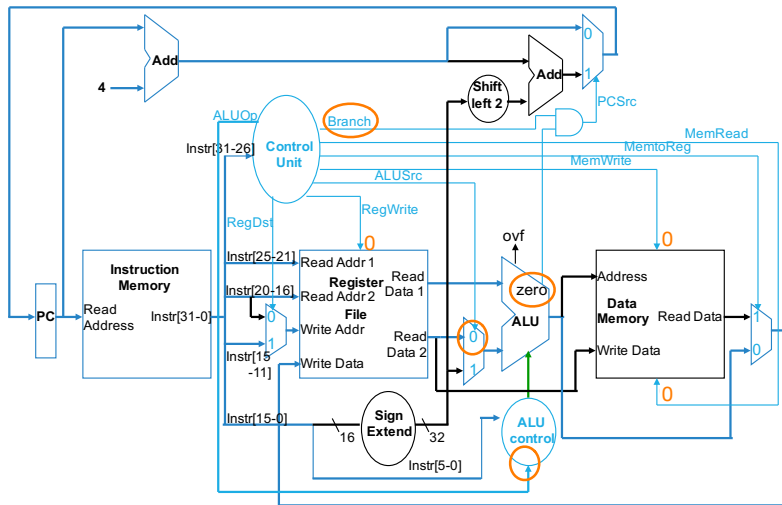
Store Word Instruction Data/Control Flow



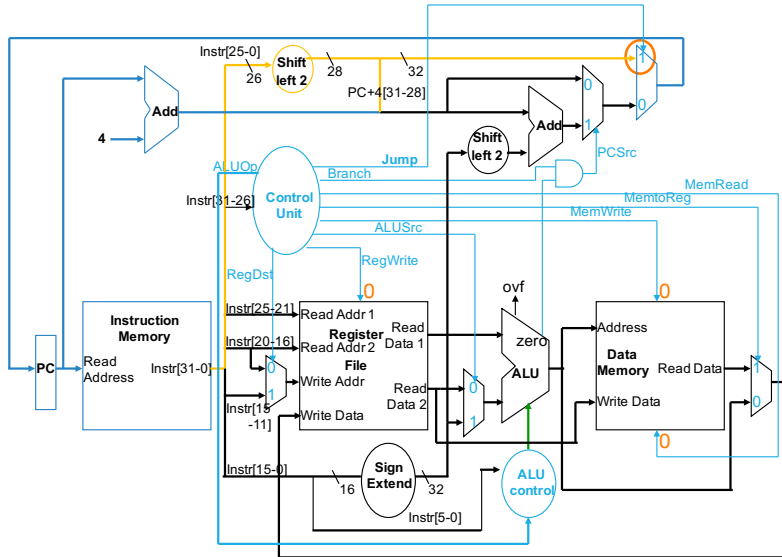
Load Word Instruction Data/Control Flow



Branch Instruction Data/Control Flow



Adding the Jump Operation



Main Control Unit

| | RegDst | ALUSrc | MemReg | RegWr | MemRd | MemWr | Branch | ALUOp | Jump |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|------|
| R-Type | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 |
| lw | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 00 | 0 |
| sw | X | 1 | X | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 00 | 0 |
| beq | X | 0 | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 01 | 0 |
| j | X | X | X | 0 | 0 | 0 | X | XX | 1 |