CSCI3160: Special Exercise Set 6

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Problem 1. Consider the optimal BST problem on $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and the weight array $W = (10, 20, 30, 40)$.

- Give the values of $optcost(a, b)$ for all a, b satisfying $1 \leq a \leq b \leq 4$. Recall that $optcost(a, b)$ is the smallest average cost of all BSTs on $\{a, a + 1, ..., b\}$.
- Give the value of $optcost(1, 4 \mid 3)$. Recall that this is the smallest average cost of a BST on $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ on condition that 3 must be the root of the BST.
- Show an optimal BST on S with the smallest average cost.

Problem 2. Define function $f(x)$ — where $x \geq 0$ is an integer — as follows:

- $f(0) = 0$
- $f(1) = 1$
- $f(x) = f(x - 1) + f(x - 2)$.

Give an algorithm to calculate $f(x)$ in $O(n)$ time.

Problem 3. Consider again the optimal BST problem on set $S = \{1, 2, ..., n\}$ and a weight array W, as defined in the class. Prof. Goofy proposes the following greedy algorithm for finding an optimal BST T:

- r = the integer $i \in [1, n]$ with the largest $W[i]$.
- Make r the root of T.
- Apply the above strategy to build a tree T_1 on $\{1, 2, ..., r-1\}$, and a tree T_2 on $\{r+1, r+2, ..., n\}$.
- Make the root of T_1 the left child of r, and the root of T_2 the right child of r.

Prove: the above algorithm does not always return an optimal BST.

Problem 4. Consider again the set $S = \{1, 2, ..., n\}$ and a weight array W as in the optimal BST problem. This time, we want to find instead the *most terrible* BST: the one with the largest average cost. Give an algorithm to do so in $O(n^3)$ time.