

Observation I

(1) All ERO are recorded in last  $m$  columns

$$A = [R | I]$$

$\vec{E} \leftarrow \vec{e}_i \vec{e}_1$  at  $i$ th iteration

$$[u | v]$$

$$\underbrace{\vec{E} - EA}_{E} = [u | v]$$

ms

$$EA = [u | v]$$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{"} \\ E[R | I] \\ \text{"} \\ [ER | E] \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \boxed{E = V}$$

Observation ii)  $E^{-1} = B_i$  you cannot  
Basic matrix.

(In particular, your  $B_i$  is invertible)

pf Tableau i  $I = (\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2, \dots, \vec{e}_m)$   
 $= \left( \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \dots, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$

$$T_i = \begin{pmatrix} \times \times \vec{e}_{i_1} \times \times \vec{e}_{i_2} \dots \times \vec{e}_{i_j} \dots \times \vec{e}_{i_m} \times \\ \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \quad \quad \quad \uparrow \\ x_{i_1} \quad x_{i_2} \quad x_{i_j} \quad x_{i_m} \end{pmatrix}$$

basic variables

$$B = (\vec{a}_{i_1} \vec{a}_{i_2} \dots \vec{a}_{i_m})$$

$$E \vec{e} \times E A = T_i$$

$$A = E^{-1} (T_i) \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \vec{a}_{i_1} & \vec{a}_{i_2} & \dots & \vec{a}_{i_m} \end{pmatrix} = F \begin{pmatrix} \times \times \vec{e}_{i_1} \times \times \vec{e}_{i_2} \dots \times \vec{e}_{i_m} \times \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \vec{f}_{i_1} & \vec{f}_{i_2} & \dots & \vec{f}_{i_m} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \vec{f}_{i_1} & \vec{f}_{i_2} & \dots & \vec{f}_{i_m} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E^{-1} = F = (\vec{f}_{i_1} \dots \vec{f}_{i_m}) = (\vec{a}_{i_1}, \vec{a}_{i_2}, \dots, \vec{a}_{i_m}) = B.$$

Corollary

$$A = B T_i \quad A = B I$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$T_i = I \quad \#$$

Observati (iii)  $T_i = [R_i | I | \vec{b}]$

at Tableau i

$$T_i = [Y_i | \vec{y}_0]$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{y}_0 = \vec{X}_{B_i} \quad \text{the solution corresponding to the current basic matrix } B_i.$$

pf:  $A = (B_i | R_i)$  <sup>Basic matrix (nonsingular)</sup>

$$(B_i | R_i) \begin{pmatrix} \vec{X}_{B_i} \\ \vec{0} \end{pmatrix} = \vec{b} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} B_i \vec{X}_{B_i} = \vec{b} \\ \vec{X}_{B_i} = B_i^{-1} \vec{b} \end{cases} \quad ?$$

$\vec{y}_0$  (N.I.P)

$$\underbrace{E_c \cdot E(A|\vec{b})}_{\parallel} = T_i = (Y_i | \vec{y}_0)$$

$$E(A|\vec{b}) = E(A|\vec{b}) = (EA | E\vec{b})$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} E\vec{b} &= \vec{y}_0 \\ \parallel \\ B_i^{-1} \vec{b} & \quad (\because \text{observati (ii)}) \\ \parallel \neq \\ \vec{X}_{B_i} & \end{aligned} \right\}$$

① finding a starting BFS

## Simplex Algorithm

① optimality condition. ~~leaving~~ entering variable

$0 \rightsquigarrow \neq 0$   
non-Basic                  basic

② feasibility condition. leaving variable

$\neq 0 \rightsquigarrow 0$   
basic                  non-basic

③ move by ERO.

Elementary row operations  
(Gaussian Elimination)