

Assignment 10.

(1) i) If M is diffeomorphic to a sphere
then $\chi(M) = 2 - 0$

$$\int_M K dA = 2\pi \chi(M) = 2\pi \cdot 2 = 4\pi$$

ii) If M is diffeomorphic to a torus
then $\chi(M) = 2 - 2 \cdot 1 = 0$

$$\therefore \int_M K dA = 2\pi \cdot \chi(M) = 0$$

(2) Suppose NOT.

Then we have two geodesics and they bound an open set
which is diffeomorphic to a disk.

$\therefore$ By the Gauss-Bonnet Theorem.

$$\sum_{i=1}^2 \int_{\gamma_i} k_g ds + \iint_D K dA + \sum_{j=1}^2 \theta_j = 2\pi \chi(D)$$

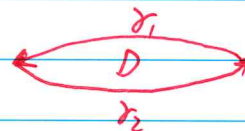
$$\therefore 2\pi \cdot 1 = 0 + \iint_D K dA + \sum_{j=1}^2 \theta_j$$

$$\leq 0 + \iint_D 0 \cdot dA + (\pi + \pi) = 2\pi \quad (K \leq 0, \pi \leq \theta_j \leq \pi)$$

$\therefore K \equiv 0$ on D and $\theta_j = \pi$

$\therefore \gamma_1 = -\gamma_2$ which is a contradiction to γ_1 and γ_2 bound an open set.

$\therefore$ two geodesics from a point P cannot meet again so that they bound a simple region.



$$(3) (a) \therefore \iint_M K dA = 2\pi \chi(M) = 4\pi(1-g)$$

$\therefore$ if M is not homeomorphic to a sphere then $g \geq 1$

$$\therefore 0 \geq 4\pi(1-g) = \iint_M K dA > 0 \text{ since } K > 0$$

which is a contradiction

$\therefore M$ is diffeomorphic to a sphere.

(b) Suppose we have two distinct simple closed geodesics on M and they do NOT intersect.

$\therefore \gamma_1, \gamma_2$ divide M into three parts.

$$\therefore \int_{\gamma_1} K d\gamma + \int_{A_1} K dA = 2\pi \chi(A_1) = 2\pi$$

$$\int_{\gamma_2} K d\gamma + \int_{A_3} K dA = 2\pi \chi(A_3) = 2\pi$$

$$\therefore \int_{A_1} K dA + \int_{A_3} K dA = 4\pi$$

$$\therefore \int_M K dA = 4\pi$$

$$\therefore \int_{A_2} K dA = 0$$

but $K > 0$

$\therefore$ it is a contradiction

$\therefore \gamma_1$ and γ_2 must intersect.

