- 1. Let G be a bounded convex open subset of \mathbb{R}^n . Show that a family of equicontinuous functions is bounded in C(G) if there exists a point $x_0 \in G$ and a constant M > 0 such that $|f(x_0)| \leq M$ for all f in the family.
- 2. Show that the sequence

$$f_n(x) = \int_0^x \frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n+x^3}} e^{-nx^2} dx$$
, $x \in [0,1]$
has a convergent subsequence in (C[0,1], d_∞).

- 3. Show that for any fixed M > 0, every sequence in $C_M = \{ f \in C^1[0,1] : f(0) = 0 \text{ and } \int_0^1 |f(x)|^2 dx \leq M \}$ contains a convergent subsequence in $(C[0,1], d\infty)$.
- 4. Suppose that $\sigma:[0,+\infty) \to \mathbb{R}$ is a continuous, nondeneasing function with $\sigma(o)=0$. Show that $\mathcal{E}_{\sigma}=\{f\in C[a,b]:|f(x)-f(y)|\leq \sigma(x-y_1), \forall x,y\in [a,b]\}$ is an equicontinuous family.

(End)