# **Big Data and Location-Based Services: An Introduction**

Yunjun Gao (高云君)

College of Computer Science Zhejiang University gaoyj@zju.edu.cn 13957167510



# **Information Explosion**

□ 988EB (1EB = 1024PB) data will be produced in 2010 (IDC) ⇔ 18 million times of all info in books

- > 850 million photos & 8 million videos every day (Facebook)
- 50PB web pages, 500PB log (Baidu)



#### Public Utilities

- Health care (medical images photos)
- Public traffic (surveillance videos)







facebook.



### **Research Frontier and Hot**



- Science : Special Online Collection: Dealing with Data
  - In this, Science joins with colleagues from Science Signaling, Science Translational Medicine, and Science Careers to provide a broad look at the issues surrounding the increasingly huge influx of research data. This collection of articles highlights both the challenges posed by the data deluge and the opportunities that can be realized if we can better organize and access the data.



**Nature** :



2012/7/6





#### Big data, but are we ready?

Oswaldo Trelles, Pjotr Prins, Marc Snir and Ritsert C. Jansen

# **Big Data Use Cases**

Today's Challenge	New Data	What's Possible
Healthcare Expensive office visits	Remote patient monitoring	Preventive care, reduced hospitalization
Manufacturing In-person support	Product sensors	Automated diagnosis, support
Location-Based Services Based on home zip code	Real time location data	Geo-advertising, traffic, local search
Public Sector Standardized services	Citizen surveys	Tailored services, cost reductions
Retail One size fits all marketing	Social media	Sentiment analysis segmentation



### **Location-Based Services**

- Location-based services (LBS) provide the ability to find the geographical location of a mobile device and then provide services based on that location.
  - E.g., Yahoo/Google Maps, MapPoint, MapQuest, …





# **Challenges of LBS**

- Scalability
- Performance
  - Sustain high insertion rates
  - Query processing
  - Real-time query support
- High-precision positioning
- Privacy preservation







# Outline

#### Big Data

- Definition
- Properties
- > Applications
- Framework
- Challenges
- > Principles
- Research Status
- Location-Based Services
  - Introduction
  - Research Status
  - Potential Research Contents
- Conclusions





### What Makes it Big Data?





### What is Big Data?

Definition: Big Data refers to datasets that grow so large that it is difficult to capture, store, manage, share, analyze and visualize using the typical database software tools.





### Where Do We See Big Data?



### **Diverse Data Sets**





# Why Is Big Data Important?

US HEALTH CARE	MANUFACTURING	GLOBAL PERSONAL LOCATION DATA	EUROPE PUBLIC SECTOR ADMIN	US RETAIL
Increase industry value per year by	Decrease dev., assembly costs by	Increase service provider revenue by	Increase industry value per year by	Increase net margin by
\$300 B	<b>-50%</b>	\$100 B	€250 B	<b>60+%</b>



# The Properties of Big Data

- Huge
- Distributed
  - Dispersed over many servers
- Dynamic
  - Items add/deleted/modified continuously
- Heterogeneous
  - Many agents access/update data
- Noisy
  - Inherent
  - Unintentional/Malicious
- Unstructured/semi-structured
  - No database schema
- Complex interrelationships





# The Framework of Big Data

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_14_Picture_2.jpeg)

# The Challenges of Big Data

- Efficiency requirements for Algorithm
  - Traditionally, "efficient" algorithms
    - Run in (small) polynomial time: O(nlogn)
    - Use linear space: O(n)
  - For large data sets, efficient algorithms
    - Must run in linear or even sub-linear time: o(n)
    - Must use up to poly-logarithmic space: (logn)2
- Mining Big Data
  - Association Rule and Frequent Patterns
    - Two parameters: support, confidence
  - Clustering
    - Distance measure (L1, L2,  $L^{\infty}$ , Edit Distance, etc,.)
  - Graph structure
    - Social Networks, Degree distribution (heavy trail)

![](_page_15_Picture_15.jpeg)

# The Challenges of Big Data (Cont.)

#### Clean Big Data

- > Noise in data distorts
  - Computation results
  - Search results
- Need automatic methods for "cleaning" the data
  - Duplicate elimination
  - Quality evaluation
- Computing Model
  - Accuracy and Approximation
  - > Efficiency

![](_page_16_Picture_11.jpeg)

# The Principles of Big Data

- Partition Everything and key-value storage
  - > 1<sup>st</sup> normal form cannot be satisfied
- Embrace Inconsistency
  - ACID properties are not satisfied

#### Backup everything

- Guarantee 99.99999% safety
- □ Scalable and high performance

![](_page_17_Picture_8.jpeg)

#### **Research Status**

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Research Status (Cont.)

Indexes on Big Data	∼ 4 papers
Transactions on Big Data	4~5 papers
Processing Architecture on Big Data	6~7 papers
Applications in MapReduce Parallel Processing	6~7 papers
Benchmark of Big Data Management System	3~4 papers

![](_page_19_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Outline

- Big Data
  - > Definition
  - > Properties
  - Framework
  - > Applications
  - > Challenges
  - > Principles
  - Research Status

#### Location-Based Services

- Introduction
- Research Status
- Potential Research Contents
- Conclusions

![](_page_20_Picture_14.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_15.jpeg)

#### Mobile Devices and Services

Large diffusion of mobile devices, mobile services, and locationbased services.

![](_page_21_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_3.jpeg)

# Which Location Data?

Location data from mobile phones (e.g., iPhone, GPhone, etc.)

- Cell positions in the GSM/UMTS network
- Location data from GPS-equipped devices
  - Humans (pedestrians, drivers) with GPS-equipped smart-phones
  - Vessels with AIS transmitters (due to maritime regulations)
- Location data from intelligent transportation environments
  - Vehicular ad-hoc networks (VANET)
- Location data from indoor positioning systems
  - RFIDs (radio-frequency ids)
  - Wi-Fi access points

![](_page_22_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Picture_12.jpeg)

### **Examples of Location Data**

- Vehicles (private cars) moving in Milan
  - ~2M GPS recordings from 17241 distinct objects (7 days period, 214,780 trajectories)

 Vehicles (couriers) moving in London
 ~92.5M GPS recordings from 126 distinct objects (18 months period, 72,389 trajectories)

 Vessels sailing in Mediterranean sea
 ~4.5M GPS recordings from 1753 distinct objects (3 days period, 1503 trajectories)

![](_page_23_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_7.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_8.jpeg)

# What Can We Learn From Location Data?

#### Traffic monitoring

- How many cars are in the downtown area?
- Send an alert if a non-friendly vehicle enters a restricted region
- Once an accident is discovered, immediately send alarm to the nearest police and ambulance cars

#### Location-aware queries

- Where is my nearest Gas station?
- What are the fast food restaurants within 3 miles from my location?
- Let me know if I am near to a restaurant while any of my friends are there
- Send E-coupons to all customers within 3 miles of my stores
- Get me the list of all customers that I am considered their nearest restaurant

![](_page_24_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Picture_1.jpeg)

2012/7/6

### LBS Infrastructure

□ Mobile Location Systems (MLS): four main components:

![](_page_26_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Picture_3.jpeg)

# LBS Infrastructure (Cont.)

□ A spatial database manages spatial objects:

- Points: e.g., locations of hotels/restaurants
- Line segments: e.g., road segments
- > Polygons: e.g., landmarks, layout of VLSI, regions/areas

![](_page_27_Picture_5.jpeg)

Road Network

![](_page_27_Picture_7.jpeg)

Satellite Image

![](_page_27_Picture_9.jpeg)

### LBS Infrastructure (Cont.)

□ Spatio-temporal database = Spatial database + time

![](_page_28_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_3.jpeg)

# LBS Infrastructure (Cont.)

- Geo-positioning technologies:
  - Using the mobile telephone network
    - Time of Arrival (TOA), UpLink TOA (UL-TOA)

![](_page_29_Picture_4.jpeg)

- Using information from satellites
  - Global Positioning System (GPS)
  - Assisted (A-GPS), Differential GPS (D-GPS)

![](_page_29_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Figure_9.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Picture_10.jpeg)

# **LBS** Applications

- Navigation (for vehicle or pedestrian)
  - Routing, finding the nearest point-of-interest (POI), …

#### Information services

Find-the-Nearest, What-is-around, …

#### Tracing services

- > Tracing of a stolen phone/car, locating persons in an emergency situation, ...
- Resource management
  - (taxi, truck, etc.) fleet management, administration of container goods, ...

![](_page_30_Picture_9.jpeg)

On-board navigation, e.g., Dash express (http://www.dash.net)

- Internet-connected automotive navigation system
- Up-to-minute information about traffic
- Yahoo! Local search for finding POIs

![](_page_31_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_6.jpeg)

- Find-the-Nearest: Retrieve and display the nearest POI (restaurants, museums, gas stations, hospitals, etc.) with respect to a specified reference location
  - > E.g., find the two restaurants that are closest to my current location

![](_page_32_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Picture_4.jpeg)

What-is-around: Retrieve and display all POI located in the surrounding area (according to user's location or an arbitrary point)
 E.g., get me all the gas-stations and ATMs within a distance of 1km

![](_page_33_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_3.jpeg)

#### Google

 See in real time where your friends are! (launched by Google)

#### □ Apple

 Find my iPhone, i.e., track your lost iPhone (launched by Apple)

#### Find My iPhone and Remote Wipe

Derrick's iPhone Online

![](_page_34_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_9.jpeg)

2012/7/6

Route

> E.g., Find the optimal route from a departure to a destination point

![](_page_35_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_4.jpeg)

# Oversea Past/Recent/Ongoing Research

- Cyrus Shahabi (University of Southern California, USA)
  - Privacy in Location-Based Services
  - Advanced query processing in road networks
- Ling Liu (Georgia Institute of Technology, USA)
  - mTrigger: Location-based Triggers
  - Scalable and Location-Privacy Preserving Framework for Large Scale Location Based Services
- Jiawei Han (University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, USA)
  - MoveMine: Mining Sophisticated Patterns and Actionable Knowledge from Massive Moving Object Data
- Amr El Abbadi (University of California, Santa Barbara, USA)
  - Location Based Services

![](_page_36_Picture_11.jpeg)

- □ Mohamed F. Mokbel (University of Minnesota, Twin Cities, USA)
  - Preference- And Context-Aware Query Processing for Location-based Data-base Servers
  - Towards Ubiquitous Location Services: Scalability and Privacy of Location-based Continuous Queries
- □ Vassilis J. Tsotras (University of California, Los Angeles, USA)
  - Query Processing Techniques over Objects with Functional Attributes
  - Graceful Evolution and Historical Queries in Information Systems -- a Unified Approach
- Ouri Wolfson (University of Illinois, Chicago, USA)
  - Location Management and Moving Objects Databases
- Wang-Chien Lee (The Pennsylvania State University, USA)
  - Location Based Services

![](_page_37_Picture_11.jpeg)

- Edward P.F. Chan (University of Waterloo, Canada)
  - Optimal Route Queries
- Christian S. Jensen (Aarhus University, Denmark)
  - > TransDB: GPS Data Management with Applications in Collective Transport
  - LBS: Data Management Support for Location-Based Services
  - TRAX: Spatial Tracking and Event Monitoring for Mobile Services
- Stefano Spaccapietra (Swiss Federal Institute of Technology -Lausanne, Switzerland)
  - GeoPKDD: Geographic Privacy-aware Knowledge Discovery and Delivery
- Hans-Peter Kriegel (Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Germany)
  - Data Mining and Routing in Traffic Networks

![](_page_38_Picture_11.jpeg)

- Bernhard Seeger (University of Marburg, Germany)
  - Spatial-aware querying the WWW
- □ Yannis Theodoridis: University of Piraeus, Greece)
  - > MODAP: Mobility, Data Mining, and Privacy
  - GeoPKDD: Geographic Privacy-aware Knowledge Discovery and Delivery
- Dieter Pfoser (Institute for the Management of Information Systems, Greece)
  - GEOCROWD: Creating a Geospatial Knowledge World
  - > TALOS: Task aware location based services for mobile environments
- Ooi Beng Chin (National University of Singapore, Singapore)
  Co-Space
- Roger Zimmermann (National University of Singapore, Singapore)
  - Location-based Services in Support of Social Media Applications

![](_page_39_Picture_12.jpeg)

- □ Kyriakos Mouratidis (Singapore Management University, Singapore)
- Xiaofang Zhou (The University of Queensland, Australia)
  Making Sense of Trajectory Data: a Database Approach
- Dimitris Papadias (Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, China)
- Yufei Tao (Chinese University of Hong Kong, China)
  - Data Retrieval Techniques on Spatial Networks
  - Query Processing on Historical Uncertain Spatiotemporal Data
  - Approximate Aggregate Processing in Spatio-temporal Databases
- □ Nikos Mamoulis (Hong Kong University, China)
- Man Lung Yiu (Hong Kong Polytechnic University, China)

![](_page_40_Picture_10.jpeg)

# Domestic Past/Recent/Ongoing Research

- Xiaofeng Meng (Renmin University of China, China)
  - Mobile Data Management
  - Location-Based Privacy Protection
- □ Yu Zheng (Microsoft Research Asia, China)
  - > T-Drive
  - GeoLife 2.0
- Zhiming Ding (Chinese Academy of Sciences, China)

#### □ Summary

To the best of our knowledge, there is little work on Location-Based Services in China.

![](_page_41_Picture_10.jpeg)

### **Summary of Research Status**

- □ The existing research works mostly focus on Privacy Preservation, LBS Architecture, Location Prediction, LBS applications, and so on.
- Several LBS-related Labs in universities, e.g., PSU (USA), UCSB (USA), Tokyo University (Japan), KAIST (Korean), etc., have been founded in recent years.
- To the best of our knowledge, there is little work on Location-Based Services in China.

![](_page_42_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_43_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### Socialization

Location-aware social networks (a.k.a. Geo-social networks), e.g., foursquare, scvngr, etc.

![](_page_44_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### **Research Issues**

#### Personalization

- Route planning, which is to retrieve paths or routes, preferably optimal ones and in real-time, from sources to destinations.
- Spatial preference queries
- > ...

![](_page_45_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Figure_6.jpeg)

![](_page_45_Picture_7.jpeg)

#### Recommendation

- Trip planning: Given a starting location, a destination, and arbitrary points of interest, the trip planning query finds the best possible trip.
- Location-based recommendation
- > ...

![](_page_46_Figure_5.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Picture_6.jpeg)

#### Entertainment

- Location-based games, e.g., BotFighter, Swordfish, My Groves, Geo Wars, etc.
- CoSpace gaming

> ..

![](_page_47_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Figure_7.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Figure_8.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Figure_9.jpeg)

2012/7/6

Big Data and Location-Based Services: An Introduction

- Security
  - Privacy in location-based services
  - > ...

![](_page_48_Picture_4.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Picture_7.jpeg)

Private Location

![](_page_48_Picture_8.jpeg)

Potentially Un-trusted Location-Based Service Providers

![](_page_48_Picture_10.jpeg)

# Outline

- Big Data
  - > Definition
  - > Properties
  - Framework
  - > Applications
  - Challenges
  - > Principles
  - Research Status
- Location-Based Services
  - Introduction
  - Research Status
  - Potential Research Contents

#### Conclusions

![](_page_49_Picture_14.jpeg)

![](_page_49_Picture_18.jpeg)

### Conclusions

- Data on today's scales require scientific and computational intelligence.
- **Big Data** is a challenge and an opportunity for us.

![](_page_50_Picture_3.jpeg)

Big Data opens the door to a new approach to engaging customers and making decisions.

![](_page_50_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Picture_1.jpeg)