Item-based Recommendation via Matrix Factorization and Green's Function (Some ideas during my ongoing study)

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Outline

- Previous Work
- Similarity Computation
- Matrix Factorization
- Motivations
- Recommendation using Green's Function
 &Matrix Factorization
- Discussion

- Green's Function
 - ✤ Given a weighted graph G=(V,E),



✤ The Graph Laplacian matrix L= D-W.

Green's Function

 Defined as the inverse of L = D-W with zeromode discarded.

$$Lv_k = \lambda_k v_k, \quad 0 = \lambda_1 \le \lambda_2 \le \dots \le \lambda_n$$

$$G^{*} = L_{\perp}^{-1} = \frac{1}{(D-W)_{\perp}} = \sum_{i=2}^{n} \frac{v_{i}v_{i}^{T}}{\lambda_{i}}$$

discard $\lambda_{1} = 0$

Item-based Recommendation

- To calculate unknown rating by averaging rating of similar items by test users
- User-item $M \times N$ matrix R,
 - R_{pq} : u_p rates i_q
- Item Graph G=(V,E) typical similarity: cosine similarity, PCC...

Recommendation with Green's Function



Similarity Computation

Similarity Computation :

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• Cosine similarity

$$Sim(i, j) = \frac{||r_i|| \bullet ||r_j||}{r_i \bullet r_j}$$

• Pearson Correlation Coefficient (PCC)

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$$Sim(i, j) = \frac{\sum_{u \in U(i) \cap U(j)} (r_{u,i} - \overline{r_i}) \cdot (r_{u,j} - \overline{r_j})}{\sqrt{\sum_{u \in U(i) \cap U(j)} (r_{u,i} - \overline{r_i})^2} \cdot \sqrt{\sum_{u \in U(i) \cap U(j)} (r_{u,j} - \overline{r_j})^2}}$$

Similarity Computation

- Disadvantages:
 - Data Sparsity
 - One-sided: only rating-related

Matrix Factorization

- Matrix Factorization:
 - User-item matrix decomposition
 - Dimensionality reduction

$$A = UV$$

$$\widehat{\mathbf{v}}_{ij} = \sum_{l=1}^{k} u_{il} v_{jl}$$

user-item matrix A: m*n user factor matrix U: m*k item factor matrix V: k*n

Matrix Factorization

Matrix Factorization Methods:

- o RMF
- MMMF
- Non-negative MF
- Probabilistic MF...

$\min L(U,V)$

Loss function : L(U,V) Gradient descent algorithm

Matrix Factorization

- Matrix Factorization:
 - Solve the data sparsity problem
- Disadvantages:
 - Information Loss
 - Discard some matrix information

Motivation

- To construct a more accurate item graph
- To solve data sparsity problem
- To balance robustness and accuracy

Recommendation with Green's Function & Matrix Factorization.

 Given a user-item matrix , then use Non-negative MF

$$R_{0} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 8 & 5 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 7 & 4 & 7 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 5 & 0 & 5 & 0 & 8 \\ 3 & 2 & 7 & 9 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 0 & 0 & 5 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow R_{0} \approx U_{8 \times k} V_{k \times 7} (1 \le k < 8)$$



A feature vector for item 1

Similarity computation:

$$Sim_{2}(i, j) = \frac{\sum_{u \in U(i) \cap U(j)} (r_{u,i} - \overline{r_{i}}) \bullet (r_{u,j} - \overline{r_{j}})}{\sqrt{\sum_{u \in U(i) \cap U(j)} (r_{u,i} - \overline{r_{i}})^{2}} \bullet \sqrt{\sum_{u \in U(i) \cap U(j)} (r_{u,j} - \overline{r_{j}})^{2}}}$$

$$Sim(i, j) = \lambda Sim_1(i, j) + (1 - \lambda)Sim_2(i, j)$$
$$\lambda \in [0, 1]$$

Construct Graph:

- According to Sim(i,j), construct a weighted item graph G = (v, e)
- Given a threshold $\varepsilon(0 < \varepsilon < 1)$, if sim(I,j)< ε the two items are not connected.
- W(i,j)=Sim(i,j)

Recommendation with Green's Function

$$G = \frac{1}{(D - W)_{+}}$$
$$R^{T} = G R_{0}^{T}$$

- Sorry, the experiment is on-going.
- Disadvantages:
 - Time consuming
 - Accumulated loss
- Extension:
 - Iterative training
 - Incorporate with additional information: social network, confidence level, implicit feedback.....

Discussion and Suggestion

Any Suggestion? Any Inspiration?

Thank You!