

Tutorial 7

1. Quiz 5
2. Quiz 6
3. Review

Quiz 5:

A five person committee is chosen at random from 5 girls and 15 boys. Conditioned on there being at least one girl on the committee, what is the expected number of boys?

$$|A| = \binom{5}{1} \binom{19}{4} > |\Omega| = \binom{20}{5} = \frac{20 \times 19 \times 18 \times 17 \times 16}{5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}$$

$\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ Δ

Alice, Amy Alice Amy, XXX
 repeated calculation Amy Alice, xxx

$4 \binom{19}{4}$

A: At least 1 girl

$$P(A) = 1 - \underbrace{P(A^c)}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ P(\underline{X=0}) \\ \text{no girl on the committee}}}$$

Quiz 6:

A train's arrival time at Kowloon station is T minutes past noon, where the PDF of T is

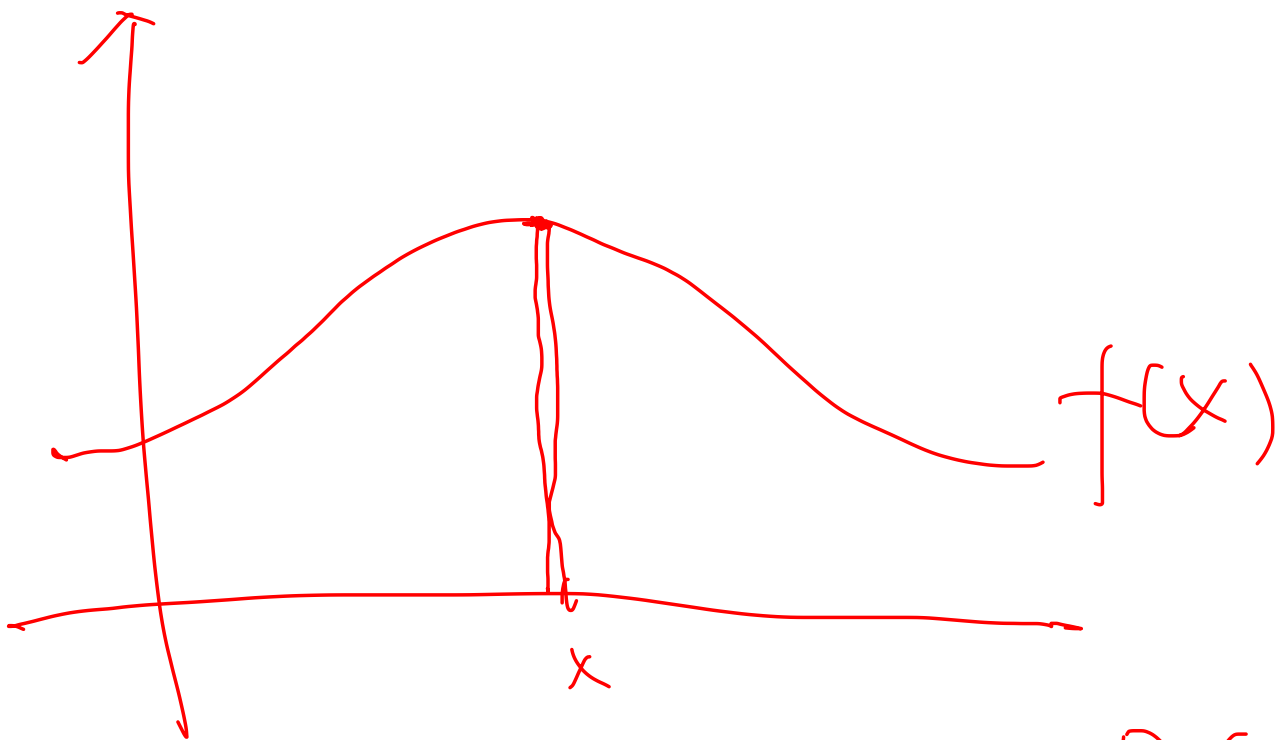
$$f_T(t) = \begin{cases} 1/(t+1)^2, & \text{if } t \geq 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

5/11

Given that the train hasn't arrived by 12:05, what is the probability that it arrives by 12:10?

$$P(T \leq 10 | T > 5) = \frac{P(10 \geq T > 5)}{P(T > 5)} = \frac{F_T(10) - F_T(5)}{1 - F_T(5)} = \frac{5}{11}$$

$$F_T(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t f_T(t) dt$$



$$P(X=x) = \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 0} P(X \leq x) - P(X \leq x-\alpha) = 0$$

Review

1. Probability & Counting

1) Ω 2) A 3) $P(A) = \frac{|A|}{|\Omega|}$ Equally likely outcomes
prevent the repeated calculation
check!!!

2. Axioms of Probability

1) $P(A) \in [0, 1]$

2) $P(\Omega) = 1$

3) if $E_1, E_2, \dots$ disjoint, $P(E_1 \cup E_2 \cup \dots) = P(E_1) + P(E_2) + \dots$

3. Conditional Probability

$$\Rightarrow P(A|F) = \frac{P(A \cap F)}{P(F)}$$

$$\Rightarrow P(A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3 \cap \dots) = P(A_1)P(A_2|A_1)P(A_3|A_1 \cap A_2) \dots$$

multiplication

4. Independent

If A, B are independent $\Leftrightarrow P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B)$

$$P(A \cap B|F) = P(A|F)P(B|F)$$

5. Random Variable

1) Discrete ~ vs Continuous ~

$$\text{PMF } f(x) = P(X=x) = \text{PDF } f(x) = \frac{dF}{dx}$$

$$\underline{P(X \leq a)} \quad \sum_{x \leq a} f(x) \quad \int_{-\infty}^a f(x) dx = \text{CDF} = F(a)$$

$$E[x] \quad \sum_x x f(x) \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx$$

$$E[x^2] \quad \sum_x x^2 f(x) \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x) dx$$

$$\underline{\text{Var}[X]} = E[(X - E[X])^2] = \underline{E[X^2] - (E[X])^2}$$

2) Joint PMF & Marginal PMF

Joint PMF		Marginal PMF	
		X	X ₁ X ₂ ...
Y	X		
	x ₁ x ₂ ...		
	y ₁		
	y ₂		
	⋮		

Marginal PMF	Marginal PMF	
	Y	y ₁ y ₂ ...
	P(X=x)	
	P(Y=y)	

Red arrows indicate the relationship between the joint PMF table and the marginal PMF tables. A red oval highlights the row for y₁ in the joint PMF table, which corresponds to the row for P(X=x) in the marginal PMF table. Another red oval highlights the column for x₁ in the joint PMF table, which corresponds to the column for P(Y=y) in the marginal PMF table.

3) Conditional PMF

$$\underline{P(X=x | Y=y)} = \frac{P(X=x \text{ and } Y=y)}{P(Y=y)}$$

☆☆☆

6. Expectation

Test: For every two random variables,

$$(a) E[X+Y] = E[X] + E[Y] \quad \checkmark / \text{F} \Rightarrow \text{Linearity of expectation}$$

$$(b) E[XY] = E[X]E[Y] \quad \text{T} / \text{F} \checkmark$$

if X, Y are independent $\uparrow$

1) Linearity of expectation + Indicator Variable

$$\Rightarrow X = X_1 + \dots + X_n$$

indicator variable $X_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if happened} \\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases} \quad E[X_i] = p(X_i)$

$$\Rightarrow E[X] = E[X_1] + \dots + E[X_n]$$

Linearity of expectation

$$= p(X_1) + \dots + p(X_n)$$

2) Conditional Expectation

$$\Rightarrow E[X|A] = \sum x p(x|A)$$

$$E[X] = E[X|A] p(A) + E[X|A^c] p(A^c)$$