

PROBABILITY MIDTERM REVIEW

① 4-STEP METHOD

EQUALLY LIKELY OUTCOMES

PROBABILITY MODELS

AXIOMS

② CONDITIONAL PROBABILITIES

TOTAL PROB. THEOREM

BAYES' RULE

③ INDEPENDENCE OF EVENTS

SEQUENTIAL & PARALLEL COMPONENTS

CONDITIONAL INDEPENDENCE

RANDOM VARIABLES, PMF

Binomial(n, p), Geometric(p), Poisson(λ)

FUNCTIONS OF RVS

④ EXPECTED VALUE

UTILITY

JOINT PMF \rightarrow MARGINAL PMFS

LINEARITY OF EXPECTATION

VARIANCE

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Var}[X] &= E[(X-\mu)^2] \\ &= E[X^2] - \mu^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\mu = E[X]$$

⑤ CONDITIONAL PMFS

CONDITIONAL EXPECTATION

TOTAL EXPECTATION THEOREM

INDEPENDENCE OF RVS

LINEARITY OF VARIANCE FOR INDEPENDENT RVS

FORMULAS FOR E/Var OF Binomial, Geometric Poiss

EXAMPLE. ROULETTE.

INVEST \$100, BET 10% IN EVERY ROUND

X_t DOLLARS IN ROUND t

$$X_{t+1} = \begin{cases} 1.1 \cdot X_t & \text{IF I WIN } 18/37 \\ 0.9 \cdot X_t & \text{IF I LOSE } 19/37 \end{cases}$$

$$E[X_{t+1}] = E[X_{t+1} | W_{t+1}] P(W_{t+1}) + E[X_{t+1} | W_{t+1}^c] P(W_{t+1}^c)$$

$$= 1.1 X_t \cdot \frac{18}{37} + 0.9 X_t \cdot \frac{19}{37}$$

$$= 0.997 \dots X_t$$

$$E[X_{10}] = 0.997^{10} \cdot X_0$$

INDEPENDENCE OF 3 RVs

2 RVs. $P(X=x, Y=y) = P(X=x)P(Y=y) \quad \forall x, y$

3 RVs. $P(X=x, Y=y, Z=z) = P(X=x)P(Y=y)P(Z=z) \quad \forall x, y, z$

EXAMPLES WHERE:

X, Y	INDEPENDENT
X, Z	INDEPENDENT
Y, Z	INDEPENDENT
X, Y, Z	DEPENDENT.

2 DICE

$$X = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{FIRST DIE IS A 1} \\ 0 & \text{IF NOT} \end{cases}$$
$$Y = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{SECOND DIE IS A 1} \\ 0 & \text{IF NOT} \end{cases}$$
$$Z = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{IF SUM IS A 7} \\ 0 & \text{IF NOT} \end{cases}$$

TO SHOW X, Y DEPENDENT ENOUGH TO GIVE ONE EXAMPLE

$$P(X=3, Y=5) \neq P(X=3)P(Y=5)$$

INDEPENDENT CHECK ALL x, y

WHY DOES LINEARITY OF EXPECTATION ALWAYS HOLD?

EX. TOSS 3-SIDED DIE D

$X = \text{INDICATOR FOR "D=2"}$
 $Y = D^2$ } DEPENDENT

PROB	D	X	Y	X+Y
1/3	1	0	+ 1 = 1	1
1/3	2	1	+ 4 = 5	5
1/3	3	0	+ 9 = 9	9

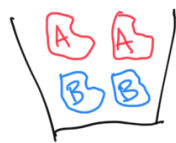
$$E[X] = \frac{1}{3} + E[Y] = \frac{14}{3}$$

$E[X+Y]$ CAN BE CALCULATED IN TWO WAYS:

1. ADD THE PMFS AND AVERAGE
 $\frac{1}{3} \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 5 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 9 = \frac{15}{3}$
2. ADD THE AVERAGE
 $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{14}{3} = \frac{15}{3}$

$$E[X+Y] = E[X] + E[Y]$$

QUIZ 4. ASSUME THERE ARE ONLY 2 PEOPLE, 1 SOCCER



$S_A = \text{"ALICE GETS BOTH SOCCER BALLS"}$

$S_B = \text{"BOB"}$

$$N = N_A + N_B$$

$$N_A = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{IF } S_A \text{ HAPPENS} \\ 0 & \text{IF NOT} \end{cases}$$

N_A, N_B DEPENDENT ($P(N_B=1 | N_A=1) = 1$)

$$\begin{aligned} E[N] &= E[N_A] + E[N_B] \\ &= P(S_A) + P(S_B) \\ &= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

H5 Q4b.

$X_0 = 3$ DOLLARS

$$X_1 = \begin{cases} 2 \cdot X_0 & \text{IF I WIN} \\ 0 & \text{IF I LOSE} \end{cases}$$

$$E[X_1] = 2X_0 \cdot \frac{18}{37} + 0 \cdot \frac{19}{37} = \frac{36}{37} X_0$$

$$E[X_2] = \left(\frac{36}{37}\right)^2 X_0$$

$$E[X_3] = \left(\frac{36}{37}\right)^3 X_0$$

$$\text{PROFIT } P = X_3 - X_0$$

$$E[P] = \left(\frac{36}{37}\right)^3 X_0 - X_0 \approx -0.08.$$