

Equivalence of DFA and Regular Expressions

CSCI 3130 Formal Languages and Automata Theory

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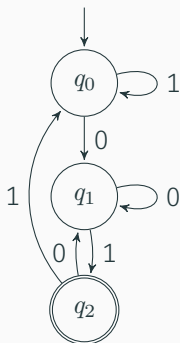
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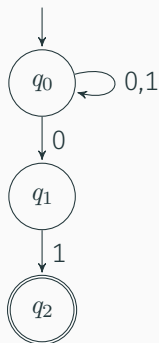
Three ways of doing it

$$L = \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid x \text{ ends in } 01\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$



DFA

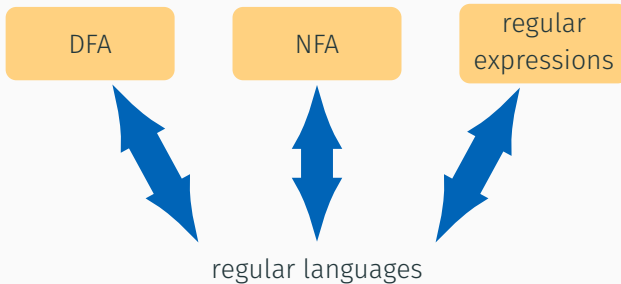


NFA

$$(0 + 1)^*01$$

regular
expressions

They are equally powerful

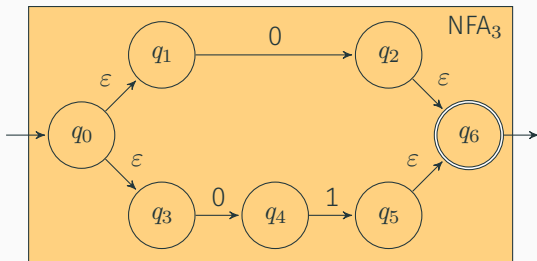


Examples: regular expression \rightarrow NFA

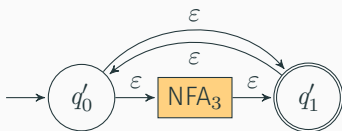


Examples: regular expression \rightarrow NFA

$$R_3 = 0+01$$



$$R_4 = (0+01)^*$$





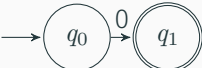
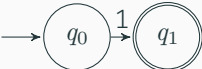
Regular expressions

In general, how do we convert a regular expression to an NFA?

A **regular expression** over Σ is an expression formed by the following rules

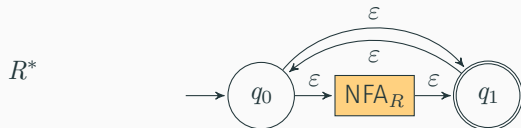
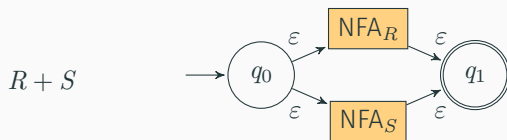
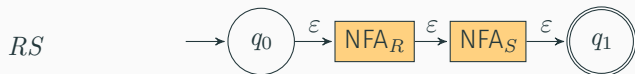
- The symbols \emptyset and ϵ are regular expressions
- Every symbol in Σ is a regular expression
 - If $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$, then **0** and **1** are both regular expressions
- If R and S are regular expressions, so are $R + S$, RS and R^*

General method when $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

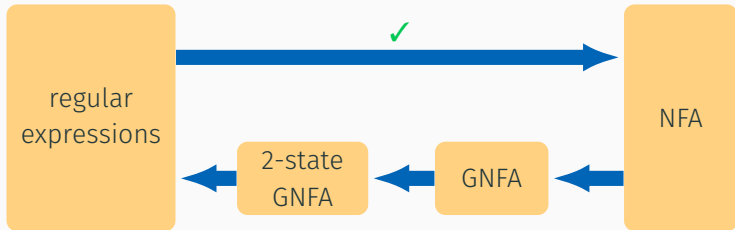
regular expression	\implies NFA
\emptyset	
ϵ	
0	
1	

General method

regular expression \implies NFA



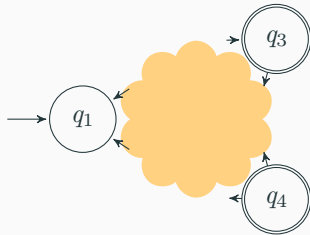
Roadmap



Simplify the NFA

First we simplify the NFA so that

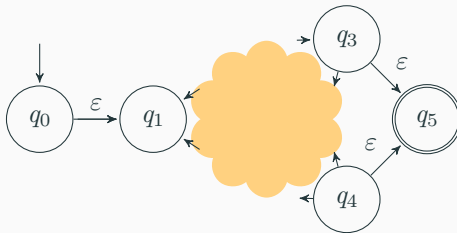
- It has **exactly one** accepting state
- No arrows come into the start state
- No arrows go out of the accepting state



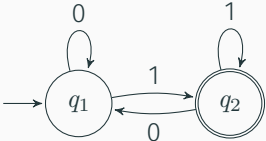
Simplify the NFA

First we simplify the NFA so that

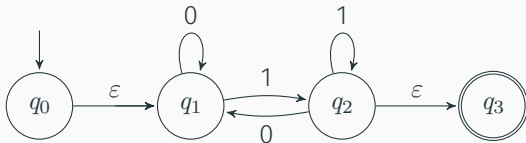
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Simplify the NFA



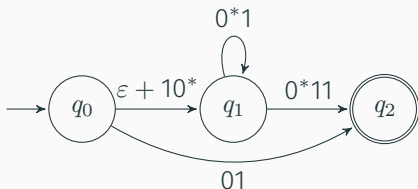
Simplify the NFA



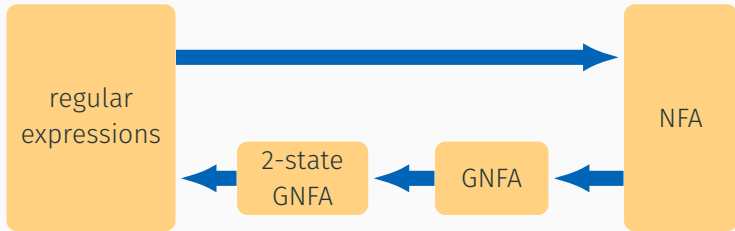
- It has **exactly one** accepting state ✓
- No arrows come into the start state ✓
- No arrows go out of the accepting state ✓

Generalized NFAs

A **generalized NFA** is an NFA whose transitions are labeled by **regular expressions**, like

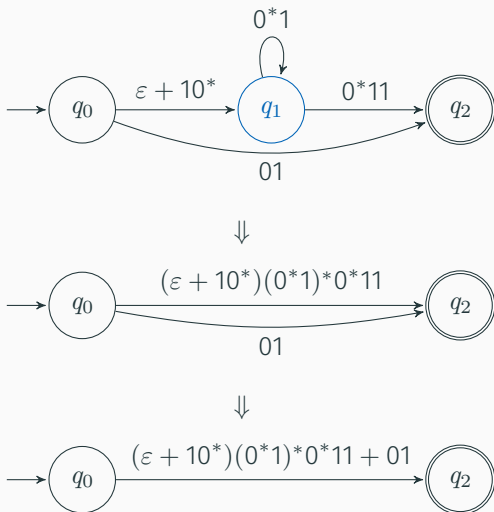


GNFA state elimination



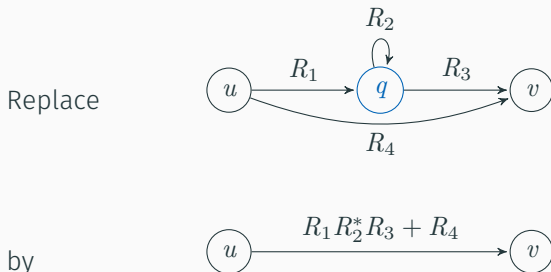
We will **eliminate** every state but the start and accepting states

State elimination



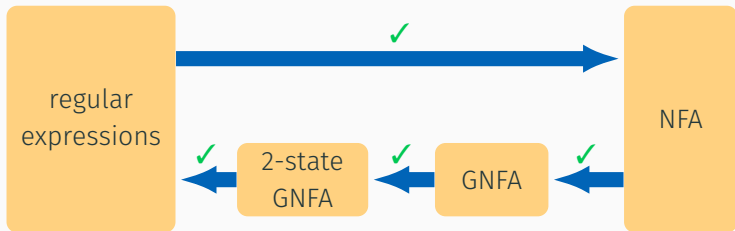
State elimination: general method

To **eliminate** state q , for every pair of states (u, v) such that $u \rightarrow q \rightarrow v$



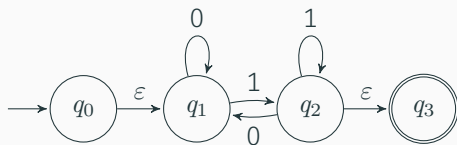
Remember to do this **even when** $u = v$

Roadmap



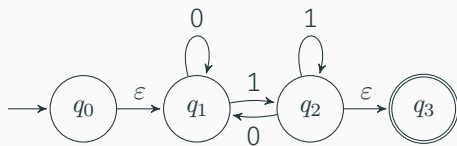
A 2-state GNFA is the same as a regular expression R

Conversion example

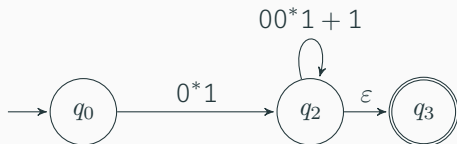


After eliminating q_1 :

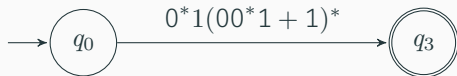
Conversion example



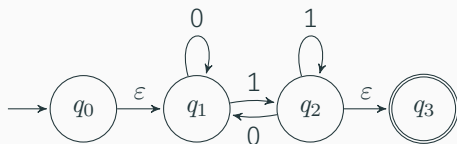
After eliminating q_1 :



After eliminating q_2 :



Conversion example

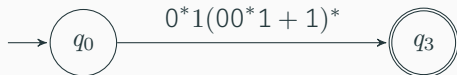


$$00^*1 + 1$$

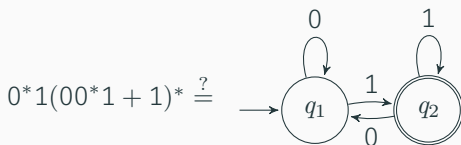
After eliminating q_1 :



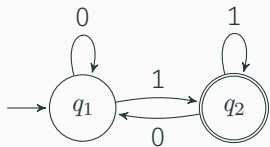
After eliminating q_2 :



Check:

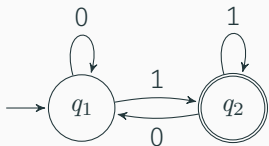


Check your answer!



All strings ending in 1
 $(0 + 1)^* 1$

Check your answer!



All strings ending in 1
 $(0 + 1)^*1$

$$0^*1(00^*1 + 1)^*$$

$$= 0^*1(0^*1)^*$$

Always ends in 1

Does every string ending in 1
have this form?

Yes