CSCI3610: Special Exercise Set 1

Problem 1. Explain how to implement the operation $x \mod y$ in O(1) time where x and y are positive integers.

Problem 2. For the k-selection problem, suppose that the input is an array of 12 elements: (58, 23, 98, 83, 32, 24, 18, 45, 85, 91, 2, 34). Recall that our randomized algorithm first selects a number v, and then recursively solves the problem on a smaller array. Suppose that v = 34 and k = 10. What is the smaller array that we will recurse into?

Problem 3 (Textbook Exercise 9.3-5). The *median* of a set S of n elements is the $\lfloor n/2 \rfloor$ smallest element in S. Suppose that you are given a deterministic algorithm for finding the median of S (stored in an array) in O(n) worst-case time. Using this algorithm as a black box, design another deterministic algorithm for solving the k-selection problem (for any $k \in [1, n]$) in O(n) worst-case time.

Problem 4. Let S be a set of n integers, and k_1, k_2 arbitrary integers satisfying $1 \le k_1 \le k_2 \le n$. Suppose that S is given in an array. Give an O(n) expected time algorithm to report all the integers whose ranks in S are in the range $[k_1, k_2]$. Recall that the rank of an integer v in S equals the number of integers in S that are at most v.

Problem 5* (Textbook Exercise 9-2). We are given an array that stores a set S of n distinct integers. Set $W = \sum_{e \in S} e$. Describe an algorithm to find the element $e^* \in S$ that makes both of the following hold:

- $\sum_{e < e^*} e < W/2$
- $\sum_{e>e^*} e \leq W/2$.

Your algorithm should finish in O(n) time (O(n) expected time is acceptable).

(Hint: First convince yourself that such e^* is unique, and then adapt the k-selection algorithm).